

Meeting of:	Cabinet		
Date of Meeting:	Thursday, 18 December 2025		
Relevant Scrutiny Committee:	Resources Scrutiny Committee		
Report Title:	Council Tax Reduction Scheme		
Purpose of Report:	To confirm the re-adoption of the Council Tax Reduction National Scheme for 2026/27 based on regulations and to reconfirm the Council's discretions.		
Report Owner:	Executive Leader and Cabinet Member for Performance and Resources		
Responsible Officer:	Head of Finance/Section 151 Officer		
Elected Member and Officer Consultation:	Operational Manager, Exchequer Benefits and Payments, Manager Operational Manager, Accountancy		
Policy Framework:	This is a matter for Executive decision by Full Council		

Executive Summary:

- The report sets out the discretions available to the Council for consideration when re-adopting the Council Tax Reduction National Scheme for 2026/27. These are limited and cover:
 - The ability to increase the standard extended reduction period of 4 weeks given to persons
 after they return to work where they have previously been receiving a Council Tax reduction
 that is to end because of their return to work;
 - Discretion to disregard part or the whole amount of War Disablement Pensions and War Widow's Pensions when calculating income; and
 - The ability to backdate the application of Council Tax Reduction regarding late claims prior to the standard period of three months before the claim.
 - The report proposes that Cabinet recommends to Full Council the re-adoption of the Council Tax Reduction National Scheme for 2026/27 together with the limited discretions available to the Council.

Recommendations

- 1. That Cabinet recommends to Full Council that the Council Tax Reduction Schemes and Prescribed Requirements (Wales) Regulations SI 2013/3029 ("the Prescribed Requirements Regulations") and the Council Tax Reduction Schemes (Prescribed Requirements and Default Scheme) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2014 SI 2014/66 be adopted.
- **2.** That any amendments to Regulations made by the Welsh Government are reflected in the scheme.
- 3. That the national scheme is adopted with the following discretions: -
 - That the Council should continue to allow Extended Payments up to a maximum of 4 weeks.
 - That the Council should continue to disregard War Widow and War Disablement pensions in assessing income for Council Tax Reduction.
 - That the Council should continue to allow Backdated Reductions for a period up to 26 weeks.

Reasons for Recommendations

- 1. To enable the Council Tax Reduction Scheme to be approved by Council by 31st January 2026 and be in place for implementation from 1st April 2026.
- 2. To ensure that the Council's scheme continues to comply with regulation.
- 3. To reconfirm the three local discretions.

1. Background

- 1.1 As part of the UK Government's Welfare Reform Agenda, with the enactment of the Welfare Reform Act 2012, the Council Tax Benefit scheme was abolished with effect from 31st March 2013. The Local Government Finance Act 2012 enabled the Welsh Government to make regulations to establish a Council Tax Reduction Scheme in Wales. From 1st April 2013, a new scheme called Council Tax Reduction was introduced. The Welsh Government's Council Tax Reduction Scheme ended on 31st March 2014. For 2014/15 and subsequent years the Welsh Government made new regulations which replicated the existing 2013/14 regulations on which the national Council Tax Reduction Scheme was based. It is recommended that the Council confirms each year its adoption of the scheme and discretions. There are two sets of regulations governing the scheme.
 - The Council Tax Reduction Schemes (Default Schemes) (Wales) Regulations SI 2012/3145, which establish a single national framework scheme which would be imposed on any Council that fails to adopt its own scheme; and
 - The Council Tax Reduction Schemes and Prescribed Requirements (Wales)
 Regulations SI 2013/3209, which set out the national requirements that each

- billing Authority must satisfy and also enable additional areas of local discretion that Authorities might wish to implement.
- 1.2 The Welsh Government will amend regulations to uprate the financial figures in line with inflation. These will be based on the DWP's Benefit upratings. The scheme will need to take account of these and any subsequent Regulations made by the Welsh Government following the adoption of the local scheme.

2. Key Issues for Consideration

- 2.1 Welsh Local Authorities have until 31st January each year to adopt a scheme exercising any of the discretions permitted under the Prescribed Requirements Regulations. This requires a decision by Full Council. If the Authorities fail to adopt a Council Tax Reduction Scheme by that date the default scheme will apply. With regard to the areas of discretion under the "Prescribed Requirements" Regulations, the Local Authorities will only be able to implement discretionary elements that are more generous than the minimum requirements set out in the regulations, and that any flexibility is to be locally funded.
- **2.2** The discretionary elements outlined in the "Prescribed Requirements" regulations are:
 - The ability to increase the standard extended reduction period of 4 weeks given to persons after they return to work where they have previously been receiving a Council Tax reduction that is to end because of their return to work;
 - Discretion to disregard part or the whole amount of War Disablement Pensions and War Widow's Pensions when calculating income; and
 - The ability to backdate the application of Council Tax Reduction regarding late claims prior to the standard period of three months before the claim.
- **2.3** In relation to the discretions, the position is as follows:

Extended Reduction Period (Extended Payments)

- 2.4 In 2024/25 the expenditure on extended payments was £145.45 and for 2025/26 as at 24th October 2025 there have been no extended payments paid to assist customers. The full year estimate is £500.
- 2.5 In prescribed circumstances, an award of Council Tax Reduction will be extended for a period of up to 4 weeks where entitlement to certain qualifying benefits ends due to:
 - starting employment either employed or self-employed, or
 - a claimant increasing working hours to 16 hours or more, or
 - a partner increasing working hours to 24 hours or more, or
 - Increasing earnings to an amount that ends entitlement to Income Support/Job Seekers Allowance (Income Based)/Employment Support Allowance (Income Related) /Severe Disablement Allowance / Employment Support Allowance (Contribution Based).

- 2.6 The aim is to help incentivise long-term unemployed, sick or disabled people to take up work, earn more income or work more hours.
- **2.7** To qualify for extended payments:
 - The claimant must expect their job or increased hours to last at least 5 weeks.
 - The claimant or their partner has been entitled to Employment and Support Allowance Income Related (ESA (IR)), Jobseekers Allowance Income Based (JSA (IB)), Jobseekers Allowance Contribution Based (JSA (C)) or Income Support continuously for at least 26 weeks (or any combination of these).
 - Immediately prior to starting work the customer or partner must have been on ESA (IR), JSA (IB) or Income Support
- 2.8 They may also qualify if the claimant or partner has been entitled to Employment and Support Allowance (Contribution based), Incapacity Benefit or Severe Disablement Allowance and again their job or increased hours is expected to last for 5 weeks or more and they have been entitled to the above benefit continuously for 26 weeks.
- **2.9** In both cases their benefit must cease due to the result of them starting work or increasing their hours.
- **2.10** Due to migration to Universal Credit extended payments will continue to reduce year on year.

War Widows and War Disablement Pensions

2.11 The Council currently disregards the whole amount of War Widow and War Disablement pensions when calculating income for Housing Benefit and the Council Tax Reduction Scheme. In 2024/25 for Council Tax Reduction expenditure was £10,088.32 and for 2025/26 as at 24th October 2025 £13,160.70 has been paid as a result of disregarding War Widow and War Disablement pensions to assist customers. The full year estimate would be approximately £15,000.

Backdated Council Tax Reduction

- 2.12 In 2024/25 expenditure was £32,722.52 and for 2025/26 as at 24th October 2025 £24,008.11 has been paid as a result backdating claims to assist customers. The full year estimate is £33,000.
- **2.13** The current rules for backdating of a working age customer are:
 - The claimant must make a request in writing,
 - The customer must show continuous good cause for his or her failure to make an earlier claim,
 - The claim cannot be backdated more than 6 months before the date of the written request.
- 2.14 'Good cause' has been explained by tribunals and courts. The main principle is that 'it includes any fact that would have probably caused a reasonable person to

act as the claimant did,' but they are expected to take reasonable steps to ascertain what their rights may be.

- **2.15** Case Law establishes that good cause normally falls into four categories:
 - The claimant was so ill (physically or mentally) or otherwise unable to act that they could not claim and could not ask someone to do it for them.
 - Someone the claimant should have been able to rely on (such as the Local Authority, the DWP, an advice agency and possibly others) advised them they could not get HB/CTR when in fact they could.
 - There were good reasons for the claimant not believing they could claim, amounting to more than just not thinking or caring.
 - Some external factor prevented the claimant from making a claim (e.g. failure of the postal service, imprisonment).

Proposals - Extended Payments

2.16 It is proposed that the Council should continue to allow extended payments up to a maximum of 4 weeks for the Council Tax Reduction Scheme in 2025/26 because this incentivises people to work or take on extra hours of work and any claimant moving into employment is likely to receive their first payment from their new employer within this timescale.

Proposals - War Pensions Disregard

2.17 It is proposed that the Council should continue to disregard War Widow and War Disablement pensions in assessing income for Council Tax Reduction in 2025/26.

Proposals - Backdated Awards

2.18 It is proposed that the Council should continue to allow backdated awards for the Council Tax Reduction Scheme in 2025/26 for a period up to 26 weeks. It would be difficult for 'good cause' to be proved continuously by the customer for any longer period. This allows for genuine cases where there is a good reason they have not claimed sooner, to be awarded Council Tax Reduction and reduces the burden of debt to be recovered from them.

3. How do proposals evidence the Five Ways of Working and contribute to our Well-being Objectives?

- 3.1 The adoption of the National Council Tax Reduction Scheme will help to meet the needs and expectations of our citizens who are on limited incomes and who have been affected by welfare reform.
- 3.2 The awarding of reductions through the national framework will provide financial assistance to residents who would otherwise be unable to meet their Council Tax liability. This contributes to the Well-being outcome of an Inclusive and Safe Vale by reducing poverty and social exclusion.

4. Climate Change and Nature Implications

4.1 There are no climate change or nature implications as a result of this report.

5. Resources and Legal Considerations

Financial

- **5.1** The Standard Spending Assessment (SSA) for 2025/26 set for the Council Tax Reduction Scheme is £9.293M.
- **5.2** Councils are required to finance the impact of increases in Council Tax and deal with the risk of caseload changes.
- 5.3 In 2025/26 the total CTRS budget was £12.492m and projected spend is now £396K above this. The current CTRS caseload as at 24th October 2025 is 8,893 compared to 8,867 in April 2025.

Year	Budget	Actual	Variance
	£000	£000	£000
2024/25	11,492	12,298	806
2025/26 projected	12,492	12,888	396

- An amount of £12.492m has been included in the initial budget for 2025/26. The final budget will need to take account of any Council Tax increase for 2026/27.
- The costs of exercising the discretions as proposed in the report are estimated as follows:

Discretion	Current
	Estimate
	2025/26
	£
Extended Payments	500
War Widows and War Disablement Pensions	15,000
Backdated Awards	33,000
Total	48,500

5.6 It should be noted that the costs of extended payments and backdated awards would be offset against collection losses. As in the current year, the costs of these discretions will be absorbed within the available budget and kept under review.

Employment

5.7 None as a direct result of this report.

Legal (Including Equalities)

5.8 Central Government and the Welsh Government have assessed the equality implications of the welfare reforms nationally.

- requirements. The Welsh Government advises that a Local Authority should carry out a consultation exercise before a scheme is made, revised or replaced. However, there is no express requirement to consult annually.
- **5.10** In December 2012, the Council undertook an extensive consultation on exercising discretions for the locally based scheme and wrote to all claimants who were at that time in receipt of Council Tax Benefit.
- **5.11** The Council subsequently undertook an Equality Impact Assessment in 2013 in relation to the decisions to be made regarding the exercise of discretions. In addition to consultation with residents the Council also consulted with local interest groups.
- 5.12 The outcome of the equality impact assessment was positive with no adverse comments on the exercise of the discretions. No Equality Impact Assessment is proposed as the scheme recommended for 2026/27 has not been revised or altered since the previous adoption of the discretions for 2014/15.
- **5.13** The Council will be required to implement the Council Tax Reduction Scheme in line with Welsh Government Regulations and primary legislation.

6. Background Papers

None.