



Name of Committee:	Audit Committee
Date of Meeting:	01/07/2019
Relevant Scrutiny Committee:	Corporate Performance and Resources
Report Title:	WAO - Audit Enquiries to those Charged with Governance and Management
Purpose of Report:	To inform Members of the information provided to Wales Audit Office as part of the Annual Audit of Accounts
Report Owner:	Managing Director
Responsible Officer:	Head of Finance
Elected Member and Officer Consultation:	No Elected Members have been consulted. Legal Services and Head of Finance.
Policy Framework:	The proposals in this report are in accordance with the policy framework and budget.
Executive Summary:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Wales Audit Office in its audit of the Council’s financial accounts for the year ended 31st March 2019 is required to conduct the audit in accordance with the requirements set out in International Standards of Auditing (ISA’s). • As part of the requirements of the ISA’s the Wales Audit Office wrote to the Head of Finance on 20th March 2019 seeking views on a number of governance areas impacting upon the audit of accounts relevant to both management and ‘those charged with governance’. • Those areas of governance where views were sought are identified in Annex A along with the Council's response and encompass: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Matters in Relation to Fraud – Appendix 1 Matters in Relation to Laws and Regulations – Appendix 2 Matters in Relation to Related Parties – Appendix 3

1. Recommendation

That Audit Committee receive this report for information and note the contents.

2. Reasons for Recommendations

- 2.1** In order to make Audit Committee aware of the process and the arrangements in place.

3. Background

- 3.1** The Wales Audit Office in its audit of the Council's financial accounts for the year ended 31st March 2019 is required to conduct the audit in accordance with the requirements set out in International Standards of Auditing (ISA's).
- 3.2** As part of the requirements of the ISA's the Wales Audit Office seeks views on a number of governance areas impacting upon the audit of accounts relevant to both management and 'those charged with governance'.

4. Key Issues for Consideration

- 4.1** Those areas of governance where views were sought are identified in Appendices 1 to 3 along with the Council's response and encompass:
Matters in Relation to Fraud – Appendix 1
Matters in Relation to Laws and Regulations – Appendix 2
Matters in Relation to Related Parties – Appendix 3
- 4.2** International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 240 covers auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements.
- 4.3** The primary responsibility to prevent and detect fraud rests with both management and 'those charged with governance', which for the Vale of Glamorgan Council is the Council. Management, with the oversight of the full Council and Audit Committee, should ensure there is a strong emphasis on fraud prevention and deterrence and create a culture of honest and ethical behaviour, reinforced by active oversight by those charged with governance.
- 4.4** International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 250 covers auditor's responsibilities to consider the impact of laws and regulations in an audit of financial statements.
- 4.5** Management, with the oversight of the Audit Committee, is responsible for ensuring that the Council's operations are conducted in accordance with laws

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and regulations, including compliance with those that determine the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- 4.6 External auditors are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error, taking into account the appropriate legal and regulatory framework.
- 4.7 International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 550 covers auditor's responsibilities relating to related party relationships and transactions.
- 4.8 The nature of related party relationships and transactions may, in some circumstances, give rise to higher risks of material misstatement of the financial statements than transactions with unrelated parties.
- 4.9 Because related parties are not independent of each other, many financial reporting frameworks establish specific accounting and disclosure requirements for related party relationships, transactions and balances to enable users of the financial statements to understand their nature and actual or potential effects on the financial statements. An understanding of the entity's related party relationships and transactions is relevant to the auditor's evaluation of whether one or more fraud risk factors are present as required by ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, because fraud may be more easily committed through related parties.

5. How do proposals evidence the Five Ways of Working and contribute to our Well-being Objectives?

- 5.1 Providing this information helps to demonstrate how the Council ensures that laws & regulations are complied with including the Well Being of Future Generations Act which sets out the 5 ways of working.

6. Resources and Legal Considerations

Financial

- 6.1 There are no direct resource implications as a result of this report.

Employment

- 6.2 None as a direct consequence of this report.

Legal (Including Equalities)

- 6.3 International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 240 covers auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements.

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6.4 International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 250 covers auditor's responsibilities to consider the impact of laws and regulations in an audit of financial statements.

6.5 International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 550 covers auditor's responsibilities relating to related party relationships and transactions.

6.6 Background Papers

Annex A: Vale of Glamorgan Council 2018/19 - Audit enquiries to those charged with governance and management

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Vale of Glamorgan Council
Civic Offices
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Reference	
Date	20 March 2019
Pages	1 of 15

Dear Carys

Vale of Glamorgan Council 2018/19 - Audit enquiries to those charged with governance and management

Our 2019 Audit Plan notes we are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. It also sets out the respective responsibilities of auditors, management and those charged with governance.

This letter formally seeks documented consideration and understanding on a number of governance areas that impact on our audit of your financial statements. These considerations are relevant to both the management of the Vale of Glamorgan Council and 'those charged with governance' (the full Council, although in practice the Audit Committee may be better placed to comment on these matters).

I have set out below the areas of governance on which we are seeking views.

1. Management processes in relation to:
 - undertaking an assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated due to fraud;
 - identifying and responding to risks of fraud in the organisation;
 - communication to employees of views on business practice and ethical behaviour; and
 - communication to those charged with governance the processes for identifying and responding to fraud.

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2. Management's awareness of any actual or alleged instances of fraud.
 3. How management gain assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with.
 4. Whether there is any potential litigation or claims that would affect the financial statements.
 5. Management processes to identify, authorise, approve, account for and disclose related party transactions and relationships.

The information you provide will inform our understanding of Vale of Glamorgan Council and its business processes and support our work in providing an audit opinion on your 2018-19 financial statements.

I would be grateful if you could complete the attached table in [Appendix 1](#). For information purposes this table also includes the responses provided in 2017-18. Your responses should be formally considered and communicated to us on behalf of both management and those charged with governance by 17 June 2019. In the meantime, if you have queries, please contact me on 02920 320500 or at steve.wyndham@audit.wales.

Yours sincerely

Steve Wyndham
Audit Manager

Appendix 1

International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 240 – The auditor’s responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements

Matters in relation to fraud

International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 240 covers auditor’s responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements.

The primary responsibility to prevent and detect fraud rests with both management and ‘those charged with governance’, which for the Vale of Glamorgan Council is the Council. Management, with the oversight of the full Council and Audit Committee, should ensure there is a strong emphasis on fraud prevention and deterrence and create a culture of honest and ethical behaviour, reinforced by active oversight by those charged with governance.

As external auditors, we are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error. We are required to maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit, considering the potential for management override of controls.

What are we required to do?

As part of our risk assessment procedures we are required to consider the risks of material misstatement due to fraud. This includes understanding the arrangements management has put in place in respect of fraud risks. The ISA views fraud as either:

- the intentional misappropriation of assets (cash, property, etc); or
- the intentional manipulation or misstatement of the financial statements.

We also need to understand how the Audit Committee exercises oversight of management’s processes for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud and the internal controls established to mitigate them. We are also required to make enquiries of both management and the Audit Committee as to their knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud

Enquiries of management - in relation to fraud

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
1. What is management's assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated due to fraud and what are the principal reasons?	<p>There was only one specific fraud issue identified during the year and this was reported to the Council's Audit Committee; the extent of the fraud was not considered material in respect of the Council's Financial Statements.</p> <p>The Head of Audit's Annual opinion report providing satisfactory assurance on all the key financial systems. In addition, and as reported in 2017/18; this is an integral part of the Audit Committee's function. They have regard to the reports laid before them by Internal and External Audit / Regulators. This informs their review of the financial statements and the level to which there may be a risk of material misstatement</p>	<p>There have been no specific fraud issues identified during the year. The Head of Audit's Annual Opinion report provides satisfactory assurance on the key financial systems. In addition, and as reported in 2018/19, this is an integral part of the Audit Committee's function. They have regard to the reports laid before them by Internal and External Audit / Regulators. This informs their review of the financial statements and the level to which there may be a risk of material misstatement.</p>
2. What processes are employed to identify and respond to the risks of fraud more generally and specific risks of misstatement in the financial statements?	<p>As previously stated, the Council's Internal Audit Shared Service plays a crucial part in both identification and responding to the risks of Fraud. The IASS has an annual risk based audit plan which includes key financial systems and all auditors are very mindful of the potential presence of fraud in every audit they undertake. All issues are reported and allegations are investigated by Internal Audit and potential weaknesses in the control environment are identified and reported. Any matters of significance are reported to the Managing Director, the Head of Finance and Corporate</p>	<p>As previously stated, the Council's Internal Audit Shared Service plays a crucial part in both identification and responding to the risks of Fraud. The IASS has an annual risk based audit plan which includes key financial systems and all auditors are very mindful of the potential presence of fraud in every audit they undertake. All issues are reported and allegations are investigated by Internal Audit and potential weaknesses in the control environment are identified and reported. Any matters of significance are reported to the Managing Director, the Head of Finance and Corporate</p>

Enquiries of management - in relation to fraud

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
	Management Teams.	Management Team.
<p>3. What arrangements are in place to report fraud issues and risks to the Audit Committee?</p>	<p>Any concerns regarding internal controls, fraud or misappropriation are reflected in Audit recommendations and will impact on the level of assurance given to that particular area and the Council as a whole. Regular reports are taken to both Corporate Management Team and the Council's Audit Committee highlighting where assurance levels are limited and the potential effect on the overall system of internal control.</p> <p>In addition, the Audit Committee will also receive updates on complaints received and whistleblowing under the Council's Policy.</p>	<p>Any concerns regarding internal controls, fraud or misappropriation are reflected in Audit recommendations and will impact on the level of assurance given to that particular area and the Council as a whole. Regular reports are taken to both Corporate Management Team and the Council's Audit Committee highlighting where assurance levels are limited and the potential effect on the overall system of internal control.</p> <p>In addition, the Audit Committee will also receive updates on complaints received and whistleblowing under the Council's Policy.</p>
<p>4. How has management communicated expectations of ethical governance and standards of conduct and behaviour to all relevant parties, and when?</p>	<p>The Council has embodied the principles of good governance and ethical behaviour in its policy documents including Codes of Conduct for both Members and Employees; Procurement guidance and contract conditions. Internal Audit, as an example, have a Code of Ethics which all Auditors append their signature to stating that they have read, understood and will abide by the Code. In addition, the Internal Audit Shared Service undertakes an annual review of the Council's Governance arrangements and in particular its compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance.</p>	<p>The Council has embodied the principles of good governance and ethical behaviour in its policy documents including Codes of Conduct for both Members and Employees; Procurement guidance and contract conditions. Internal Audit, as an example, have a Code of Ethics which all Auditors append their signature to stating that they have read, understood and will abide by the Code. In addition, the Internal Audit Shared Service undertakes an annual review of the Council's Governance arrangements and in particular its compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance.</p>

Enquiries of management - in relation to fraud

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
5. Are you aware of any instances of actual, suspected or alleged fraud within the audited body since 1 April 2018?	One case of fraud within the audited body since 1st April 2017, this matter was not deemed material in relation to the Statement of Accounts but has been referred to the South Wales Police.	NO

Enquiries of the Audit Committee – in relation to fraud

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
1. How does the Audit Committee exercise oversight of management's processes for identifying and responding to the risks of fraud within the audited body and the internal control that management has established to mitigate those risks?	This is reflected in the Audit Committee's Terms of Reference and the reports as set out in the Forward Work Programme for the Committee.	This is reflected in the Audit Committee's Terms of Reference and the reports as set out in the Forward Work Programme for the Committee.
2. Are you aware of any instances of actual, suspected or alleged fraud with the audited body since 1 April 2017?	All allegations are taken seriously and investigated. Whilst issues are reported, they will be deemed significant where they can be substantiated and reflected in the Council's Annual Governance Statement if appropriate.	All allegations are taken seriously and investigated. Whilst issues are reported, they will be deemed significant where they can be substantiated and reflected in the Council's Annual Governance Statement if appropriate.

Appendix 2

Matters in relation to laws and regulations

International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 250 covers auditor's responsibilities to consider the impact of laws and regulations in an audit of financial statements.

Management, with the oversight of the Audit Committee, is responsible for ensuring that the Council's operations are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations, including compliance with those that determine the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

As external auditors, we are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement due to fraud or error, taking into account the appropriate legal and regulatory framework. The ISA distinguishes two different categories of laws and regulations:

- laws and regulations that have a direct effect on determining material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements;
- other laws and regulations where compliance may be fundamental to the continuance of operations, or to avoid material penalties.

What are we required to do?

As part of our risk assessment procedures we are required to make inquiries of management and the Audit Committee as to whether the Council is in compliance with relevant laws and regulations. Where we become aware of information of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance we need to gain an understanding of the non-compliance and the possible effect on the financial statements.

Enquiries of management – in relation to laws and regulations

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
1. How have you gained assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with?	Through the work of the Council's Internal Audit Shared Service and Legal Services.	Through the work of the Council's Internal Audit Shared Service and Legal Services.
2. Have there been any instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations since 1 April 2017, or earlier with an ongoing impact on the 2017-18 financial statements?	No – not to our knowledge	No – not to our knowledge
3. Are there any potential litigations or claims that would affect the financial statements?	No – Not to our knowledge	No – Not to our knowledge
4. Have there been any reports from other regulatory bodies, such as HM Revenues and Customs which indicate non-compliance?	No – Not to our knowledge	No – Not to our knowledge

Enquiries of the Audit Committee – in relation to laws and regulations

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
1. How does the Audit Committee, in its role as those charged with governance, obtain assurance that all relevant laws and regulations have been complied with?	Through the work of the Council's Internal Audit Shared Service. In addition the Council has robust Contract and Financial Procedure Rules in place.	Through the work of the Council's Internal Audit Shared Service. In addition the Council has robust Contract and Financial Procedure Rules in place.
2. Are you aware of any instances of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations?		No – not to our knowledge
3. If there have been instances of non-compliance what are they, and what oversight has the Audit Committee had to ensure that action is taken by management to address and gaps in control?	No – not to our knowledge	No – not to our knowledge

Appendix 3

Matters in relation to related parties

International Standard for Auditing (UK and Ireland) 550 covers auditor's responsibilities relating to related party relationships and transactions.

The nature of related party relationships and transactions may, in some circumstances, give rise to higher risks of material misstatement of the financial statements than transactions with unrelated parties.

Because related parties are not independent of each other, many financial reporting frameworks establish specific accounting and disclosure requirements for related party relationships, transactions and balances to enable users of the financial statements to understand their nature and actual or potential effects on the financial statements. An understanding of the entity's related party relationships and transactions is relevant to the auditor's evaluation of whether one or more fraud risk factors are present as required by ISA (UK and Ireland) 240, because fraud may be more easily committed through related parties.

What are we required to do?

As part of our risk assessment procedures, we are required to perform audit procedures to identify, assess and respond to the risks of material misstatement arising from the entity's failure to appropriately account for or disclose related party relationships, transactions or balances in accordance with the requirements of the framework.

Enquiries of management – in relation to related parties

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
1. Confirm that you have disclosed to the auditor: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the identity of any related parties, including changes from the prior period;• the nature of the relationships with these related parties;• details of any transactions with these related parties entered into during the period, including the type and purpose of the transactions.	Yes, related parties have been disclosed and accounted for in the accounts	Yes, related parties have been disclosed and accounted for in the accounts
2. What controls are in place to identify, authorise, approve, account for and disclose related party transactions and relationships?	Regular discussion with Accountants and finance staff to identify related parties and put together the required disclosures.	Regular discussion with Accountants and finance staff to identify related parties and put together the required disclosures.

Enquiries of the Audit Committee – in relation to related parties

Question	2017-18 Response	2018-19 Response
1. How does the Audit Committee in its role as those charged with governance, exercise oversight of management's processes to identify, authorise, approve, account for and disclose related party transactions and relationships?	Related party disclosures are reviewed by Audit Committee.	Related party disclosures are reviewed by Audit Committee.