

Meeting of:	Governance and Audit Committee			
Date of Meeting: Monday, 18 September 2023				
Relevant Scrutiny Committee:	Corporate Performance and Resources			
Report Title:	Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) - External Peer Assessment of the Regional Internal Audit Service			
Purpose of Report:	To provide members of the Governance and Audit Committee with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards External Peer Assessment of the Regional Internal Audit Service			
Report Owner:	Head of Regional Internal Audit Service			
Responsible Officer:	Head of Finance & Section 151 Officer			
Elected Member and Officer Consultation:	No Elected Members have been consulted. Legal Services and Head of Finance			
Policy Framework:	The proposals in this report are in accordance with the policy framework ad budget			

### **Executive Summary:**

- This report sets to provide members of the Governance and Audit Committee with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards External Peer Assessment of the Regional Internal Audit Service.
- Appendix A contains the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards External Peer Assessment of the Regional Internal Audit Service Report from the external assessor, Newport City Council.
- The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) became effective from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013 (updated 2017) and introduced a requirement for an external assessment of all internal audit services, which must be conducted at least once every five years by a qualified, independent reviewer from outside of the organisation.
- There are 305 best practice lines within the PSIAS; the Regional Internal Audit Service is currently conforming to 305 of the requirements, with no partial conformance or non-conformance areas.
- There were two areas for consideration which would further enhance conformance with the PSIAS, although these were not a significant concern:
  - 1000 Purpose, Authority and Responsibility (41) To make reference to the Counter Fraud Strategy in the Internal Audit Charter.

Agenda Item: 8



- 1230 Continuing Professional Development (96) All Internal Audit staff to maintain a record of their training activities.
- It is recommended that Members give due consideration to the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards External Peer Assessment of the Regional Internal Audit Service and acknowledge and endorse that it is fully conforming to those Standards.

### Recommendations

1. It is recommended that Members give due consideration to the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards External Peer Assessment of the Regional Internal Audit Service and acknowledge and endorse that it is fully conforming to those Standards.

### **Reasons for Recommendations**

 To keep the Governance and Audit Committee informed and to provide assurance that the Regional Internal Audit Service continues to provide a professional internal service in accordance with UK National Standards, the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS).

### 1. Background

- **1.1** The United Kingdom Public Sector Internal Audit Standards provides the framework within which an internal audit service should function.
- 1.2 The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) became effective from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013 (updated 2017) and introduced a requirement for an external assessment of all internal audit services, which must be conducted at least once every five years by a qualified, independent reviewer from outside of the organisation.
- 1.3 The two possible approaches to external assessments outlined in the standard included either a full external assessment or an internal self-assessment which is validated by an external reviewer.



**1.4** Members of the Welsh Chief Internal Auditor Group (WCIAG) elected to adopt the self-assessment approach, with another member of the WCIAG undertaking the validation; a peer review assessment. At the time this was agreed with the Section 151 Officers and the former Audit Committees.

### 2. Key Issues for Consideration

### **Purpose**

2.1 The purpose of the external assessment was to help improve delivery of the audit service to an organisation. The assessment was designed to be a supportive process that identified opportunities for development which ultimately help to enhance the value of the audit function to the authority.

#### **Results**

- 2.2 The assessment involved a validation of a self-assessment of conformance against the PSIAS undertaken by the Acting Chief Internal Auditor at Newport City Council. The external report is attached at **Appendix A**.
- 2.3 The assessment comprised a desktop review of the self-assessment and supporting evidence and discussions were held with the previous Head of Regional Internal Audit Service (MT) to gain insight and views on the operation of the Internal Audit Team and adherence to the Standards.
- 2.4 In summary, there are 305 best practice lines within the PSIAS. A review of conformance against the PSIAS was undertaken during the period February to May 2023 by the Acting Chief Internal Auditor (DP) at Newport City Council, qualified via CIPFA with extensive internal audit management experience within local government. The Regional Internal Audit Service is currently conforming to all 305 of the requirements, with no partial conformance or non-conformance areas.
- **2.5** There were two areas for consideration which would further enhance conformance with the PSIAS, although these were not a significant concern:
  - 1000 Purpose, Authority and Responsibility (41) To make reference to the Counter Fraud Strategy in the Internal Audit Charter.
  - 1230 Continuing Professional Development (96) All Internal Audit staff to maintain a record of their training activities.
- 2.6 As part of the self-assessment, the Regional Internal Audit Service, identified their own actions needed to strengthen arrangements where conformance was already being achieved. This summary can be seen at the beginning of Appendix C of the external report.



## 3. How do proposals evidence the Five Ways of Working and contribute to our Well-being Objectives?

**3.1** Full conformance with the PSIAS continues to demonstrate that the RIAS is delivering a quality internal audit service in a collaborative way across the 4 partner councils which stands it in good stead to make further service improvements and achieve longer term goals. The work undertaken by internal audit supports the prevention of the misuse of public funds and minimises fraud and error.

### 4. Climate Change and Nature Implications

**4.1** None as a consequence of this report.

### 5. Resources and Legal Considerations

### **Financial**

**5.1** There are no resource implications as a direct consequence of this report.

### **Employment**

**5.2** None as a direct consequence of this report.

### **Legal (Including Equalities)**

5.3 The provision of an adequate and effective Internal Audit function is a legal requirement under the Accounts and Audit (Wales) Regulations 2014 as amended from time to time. There are no equalities implications as a direct consequence of this report.

### 6. Background Papers

None



# Newport City Council Internal Audit Report

### **Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS)**

# External Assessment of Regional Internal Audit Service

## Welsh Chief Internal Auditor Group WCIAG

Date of Assessment Fieldwork	February 2023 to May 2023			
Date of Report Issue	5th July 2023			
Report Status	Final			
Report Author	D Palmer CPFA, Acting Chief Internal Auditor, Newport City Council			
Issued to	Andrew Wathan, Head of Regional Internal Audit Service			

### 1. <u>Introduction</u>

- 1.1 The Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) became effective from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2013 (updated 2017) and introduced a requirement for an external assessment of all internal audit services, which must be conducted at least once every five years by a qualified, independent reviewer from outside of the organisation.
- 1.2 The two possible approaches to external assessments outlined in the standard included either a full external assessment or an internal self-assessment which is validated by an external reviewer.
- 1.3 Members of the Welsh Chief Internal Auditor Group (WCIAG) elected to adopt the self-assessment approach, with another member of the WCIAG undertaking the validation.

### 2. Purpose

2.1 The purpose of the external assessment is to help improve delivery of the audit service to an organisation. The assessment is designed to be a supportive process that identifies opportunities for development which ultimately help to enhance the value of the audit function to the authority.

### 3. Results

- 3.1 The assessment involved a validation of a self-assessment of conformance against the PSIAS undertaken by the Acting Chief Internal Auditor at Newport City Council.
- The assessment comprised a desktop review of the self-assessment and supporting evidence and discussions were held with the previous Head of Regional Internal Audit Service (MT) to gain insight and views on the operation of the Internal Audit Team and adherence to the Standards.
- 3.3 In summary, there are 305 best practice lines within the PSIAS. A review of conformance against the PSIAS was undertaken during the period February to May 2023 by the Acting Chief Internal Auditor (DP) at Newport City Council, qualified via CIPFA with extensive internal audit management experience within local government. The Regional Internal Audit Service is currently conforming to 305 of the requirements, with no partial conformance or non-conformance areas.

### 3.4 The table below summarises the outcome of the assessment.

0, 1, 1	C	onformand	e	
Standard	Yes	Partly	No	Total
Mission of Internal Audit	1			1
2. Definition of Audit Risk	2			2
3. Core Principles	10			10
4. Code of Ethics	13			13
5. Attribute Standards				
Purpose, Authority and Responsibility (1000)	20			20
Objectivity and Independence (1100)	29			29
Proficiency and Due Professional Care (1200)	21			21
Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme (1300)	24			24
6. Performance Standards				
Managing the Internal Audit Activity (2000)	37			37
Nature of Work (2100)	28			28
Engagement Planning (2200)	52			52
Performing the Engagement (2300)	15			15
Communicating Results (2400)	47			47
Monitoring Progress (2500)	4			4
Communicating the Acceptance of Risks (2600)	2			2
Total	305	0	0	305

3.5 This report contains three appendices as follows:

Appendix A	Action Plan to address non / partial conformance areas			
Appendix B Enhancing proposals for areas where conformance achieved				
Appendix C	Completed checklist for assessing conformance with the PSIAS and Local Government Application Note (LGAN)			

- There were no areas of partial conformance or non-conformance. There were two area's for consideration which would further enhance conformance with the PSIAS, although these are not a significant concern:
  - 1000 Purpose, Authority and Responsibility (41) To make reference to the Counter Fraud Strategy in the Internal Audit Charter.
  - 1230 Continuing Professional Development (96) All Internal Audit staff to maintain a record of their training activities.
- 3.7 As part of the self-assessment, the Regional Internal Audit Service, identified their own actions needed to strengthen arrangements where conformance was already being achieved. This summary can be seen at the beginning of Appendix C.

### Impact of non-compliance and steps to be taken to ensure compliance

- 3.7.1 Any non-conformance with the Standards and the impact must be disclosed to senior management and the Governance and Audit Committee.
- 3.7.2 In terms of the review that has been undertaken, the impact of the non-conformance is not relevant, such that the Regional Internal Audit Service generally conforms with the Standards in all significant areas and operates independently and objectively.
- 3.7.3 No Action Plan is required. The Head of the Regional Internal Audit Service has agreed to consider the proposals suggested to further enhance conformance in areas already conforming and share this information with the Governance and Audit Committee.

## Appendix A

## Action Plan to address non / partial conformance areas

Standard	Action to address non / partial compliance	Who is responsible for implementing the action	Timescale
	No areas of non / partial conformance ide	ntified	

## Appendix B

## Further Action Plan – Enhancing proposals for areas where conformance is already achieved

Ref Attribute / Performance Standard	Compliant, but enhancing recommendation proposed.	Who is responsible for implementing the action	Timescale
1000 (31-45) K	To make reference to the Counter Fraud Strategy in the Internal Audit Charter.		Next review of Internal Audit Charter
1230 (96)	All Internal Audit staff to maintain a record of their training activities.	Head of RIAS	2023/24

### **REGIONAL INTERNAL AUDIT SERVICE - PSIAS SELF ASSESSMENT 2022/23**

### Action Plan to address non / partial conformance areas:

Standard	Action to address non / partial compliance	Who is responsible for implementing the action	Timescale
None	None identified	N/A	N/A

### Identified Actions for strengthening arrangements where conformance is already achieved (As determined by RIAS November 2022)

Standard	Action to address non / partial compliance	Who is responsible for implementing the action	Timescale
Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing	Include a direct reference to the Seven Principles of Public Life in the Charter & Audit Manual	Head of Regional Internal Audit Service	Next review for 2023/24
Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing	Include a direct reference to the Local Code of Corporate Governance in the Charter & Audit Manual	Head of Regional Internal Audit Service	Next review for 2023/24
Attribute Standards 1000	Include reference to the Counter Fraud Strategy in the Audit Manual	Head of Regional Internal Audit Service	Next review for 2023/24
Attribute Standards 2010	Further develop the audit planning process by exploring the functionality available within the Pentana MK Audit Software to undertake a more systematic risk management process and options to link more easily with assurance mapping.		During 2023/24

## CHECKLIST FOR ASSESSING CONFORMANCE WITH THE PUBLIC SECTOR INTERNAL AUDIT STANDARDS AND THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT APPLICATION NOTE (LGAN)

Glossary	
GC	Generally Conforms with PSIAS - The relevant structures, policies and procedures of the activity, as well as the processes by which they are applied, comply with the requirements of individual Standard or element of the Code of Ethics in all material respects. For the sections and major categories, this means that there is general conformance to a majority of the individual Standards or elements of the Code of Ethics, and at least partial conformance to the others, within the section / category. General conformance does not require complete / perfect conformance, the ideal situation, successful practice, etc.
PC	Partially Conforms with PSIAS - The activity is making good-faith efforts to comply with the requirements of the individual Standard or element of the Code of Ethics, section or major category, but falls short of achieving some major objectives. These will usually represent significant opportunities for improvement in effectively applying the Standards or Code of Ethics and / or achieving their objectives.
DNC	Does Not Conform with PSIAS - The activity is not aware of, is not making good-faith efforts to comply with, or is failing to achieve many / all of the objectives of the individual Standard or element of the Code of Ethics, section, or major category. These deficiencies will usually have a significant negative impact on the activity's effectiveness and its potential to add value to the organisation. These may also represent significant opportunities for improvement, including actions by senior management or the board.
N/A	Not Applicable - The sections marked N/A do not apply to this assessment. Any n/a answers should be treated as generally conforming with the PSIAS.
CAE	Chief Audit Executive (CAE) - A generic title used to describe the person responsible for managing the internal audit activity. In the Regional Internal Audit Service it is the Head of Regional Internal Audit Service (HoRIAS).

	SUMMARY OF RESULTS	GC	PC	DNC	N/A
A1	Mission of Internal Audit	44			
B2-3	Definition of Internal Auditing	44			
C4-13	Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing	44			
D14-26	Code of Ethics	44			
Ref	Attribute / Performance Standards				
1000	Purpose, Authority and Responsibility (The sum of <i>Standards</i> 1000-1010) 27-46	44			
1100	Independence and Objectivity 47-54	44			
1110	Organisational Independence 55-60	44			
1111	Direct Interaction with the Board 61	44			
1112	Chief Audit Executive Roles Beyond Internal Auditing 62-63	44			
1120	Individual Objectivity 64-65	44			
1130	Impairments to Independence or Objectivity 66-75	44			
1200	Proficiency and Due Professional Care				
1210	Proficiency 76-84	44			
1220	Due Professional Care 85-92	11			
1230	Continuing Professional Development 93-96	44			
1300	Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme 97-100	11			
1310	Requirements of the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme 101	44			
1311	Internal Assessments 102-111	44			
1312	External Assessments 112-115	44			
1320	Reporting on the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme 116-117	44			
1321	Use of Conforms with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing 118	44			
1322	Disclosure of Non-conformance 119-120	44			
2000	Managing the Internal Audit Activity				
2010	Planning 121-144	11			
2020	Communication and Approval 145-147	44			
2030	Resource Management 148-150	44			
2040	Policies and Procedures 151-152	44			
2050	Coordination 153	44			
2060	Reporting to Senior Management and the Board 154-156	44			
2070	External service Provider and Organisational Responsibility for Internal Audit 157	44			
2100	Nature of Work				
2110	Governance 158-165	44			

	SUMMARY OF RESULTS	GC	PC	DNC	N/A
2120	Risk Management 166-179	<b>*</b>			
2130	Control 180-185	44			
2200	Engagement Planning 186-205	44			
2210	Engagement Objectives 206-218	<b>**</b>			
2220	Engagement Scope 219-227	<b>**</b>			
2230	Engagement Resource Allocation 228-230	<b>**</b>			
2240	Engagement Work Programme 231-237	<b>**</b>			
2300	Performing the Engagement				
2310	Identifying Information 238	<b>**</b>			
2320	Analysis and Evaluation 239-244	<b>**</b>			
2330	Documenting Information 245-250	<b>**</b>			
2340	Engagement Supervision 251-252	<b>**</b>			
2400	Communicating Results				
2410	Criteria for Communicating 253-266	<b>**</b>			
2420	Quality of Communications 267	<b>**</b>			
2421	Errors and Omissions 268	<b>**</b>			
2430	Use of 'conducted in conformance with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing'. 269	<b>**</b>			
2431	Engagement Disclosure of Non-conformance 270-272	<b>**</b>			
2440	Disseminating Results 273-278	<b>**</b>			
2450	Overall Opinions 279-299	<b>**</b>			
2500	Monitoring Progress 300-303	√√			
2600	Resolution of Senior Managements Acceptance of Risks 304-305	√√			
	OVERALL CONCLUSION - CONFORMANCE WITH PSIAS	44			

<sup>✓ –</sup> external assessment confirms conformance

<sup>× –</sup> external assessment did not confirm conformance

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally	Partially	Does Not	Evidence	Evidence Ref
		Conforms	Conforms	Conform		
Α	Mission of Internal Audit					
1	Based on your review of conformance with other requirements	44			Internal Audit Charter	1 ✓
	of the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS) and Local Government Application Note (LGAN), does the internal audit				RIAS Manual	2 🗸
	activity aspire to accomplish the Mission of Internal Audit as set				Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	out in the PSIAS? To enhance and protect organisational value by providing risk-based and objective assurance, advice and				Strategy & Plan 2022-23 * 4	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4
	insight.				Governance & Audit Committee Terms of Reference	5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4
	Mission of Internal Audit	<b>4</b> 4			Internal Audit Charter - page 2	1
В	Definition of Internal Auditing					
2	Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of	<b>√</b> √			Internal Audit Charter - Section 2 - Independence & Objectivity (page7)	1
	the PSIAS and LGAN, is the internal audit activity independent and objective?				RIAS Manual – Reference made Section 1 and Appendix D	2
	,				All auditors are required to make an <b>annual declaration</b> to comply with PSIAS and Code	6
					of Ethics as well as declaring any conflicts of interest. A <b>register</b> is kept of these.	
					Internal Auditors appointed from within the Council are not permitted to perform an audit, which is any way related to their previous post, for at least 2 years after appointment.	
					Internal Audit has no operational responsibility for any other service delivery but does lead on Fraud matters in the Vale & Merthyr and liaises with Fraud staff at Bridgend & RCT	
3	Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, does the internal audit activity use a	<b>√</b> √			Internal Audit Charter	1
	systematic and disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the				RIAS Manual	2
	effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes within the organisation?				Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	processor main are organization.				Strategy & Plan 2022-23 * 4	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4
	Definition	44				
С	Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing					
4	Having regard to your review of conformance with the Code of	44			Internal Audit Charter - Annex 2 Code of Ethics	1
	Ethics (Integrity, Seven Principles of Public Life), do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the				RIAS Manual - Section 3 Structure & Responsibilities	2
	PSIAS and LGAN by demonstrating integrity?				Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
					Counter Fraud Strategy Framework 2021-24 – Introduction	24
					VOG Constitution – Section 23 (page 246 )	22

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
5	Having regard to your review of conformance with the Code of Ethics (Competence, Confidentiality, Seven Principles of Public Life) and any other evidence from the review of conformance with Standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by demonstrating competence and due professional care?	<b>√</b> √			Internal Audit Charter – Annex 2 Code of Ethics  RIAS Manual - Section 3 Structure & Responsibilities  Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4	1 2 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
6	Having regard to your review of conformance with the Code of Ethics (Objectivity, Seven Principles of Public Life) and any other evidence from the review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN by being objective and free from undue influence (independent)?	44			Internal Audit Charter— Annex 2 Code of Ethics  RIAS Manual - Section 3 Structure & Responsibilities  Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4	1 2 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
7-13	Based on your review of conformance with standards, do you consider that the internal audit activity fully conforms with the PSIAS and LGAN  a) By being aligned with the strategies, objectives, and risks of the organisation. b) Being appropriately positioned and adequately resourced? c) Demonstrating quality and continuous improvement? d) Communicating effectively? e) Providing risk-based assurance, based on adequate risk assessment? f) Being insightful, proactive, and future-focused? g) Promoting organisational improvement?	44 44 44 44 44			Yes, all the documents listed below support this  Internal Audit Charter  RIAS Manual  Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4  Strategy & Plan 2022-23 * 4  Counter Fraud Strategy Framework 2021-24 – Introduction  VOG Constitution – Section 23 (page 246 )	1 2 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 24 22
	Conclusion	44				
14-17 18-20	Integrity Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors display integrity by:  a) Performing their work with honesty, diligence and responsibility?  b) Observing the law and making disclosures expected by the law and the profession?  c) Not knowingly partaking in any illegal activity nor engaging in acts that are discreditable to the profession of internal auditing or to the organisation?  d) Respecting and contributing to the legitimate and ethical objectives of the organisation?  Objectivity Based on your review of conformance with other	44 44 44			Internal Audit Charter – Section 2 & 3  RIAS Manual – Section 3 Structure & Responsibilities  Strategy & Plan 2022-23 * 4  All auditors are required to make an annual declaration to comply with PSIAS and Code of Ethics as well as declaring any conflicts of interest. A register is kept of these.  Internal Auditors appointed from within the Council are not permitted to perform an audit, which is any way related to their previous post, for at least 2 years after appointment.  Internal Audit Charter – Code of Ethics – Annex 2  Vale of Glamorgan Code of Conduct & Register of Interests	1 2 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 6
	requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors display objectivity by:  a) Not taking part in any activity or relationship that may impair or be presumed to impair their unbiased assessment?  b) Not accepting anything that may impair or be	44			Annual declarations	6

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	presumed to impair their professional judgement?  c) Disclosing all material facts known to them that, if not disclosed, may distort the reporting of activities under review?	√√				
21-22	Confidentiality  Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors display due respect and care by:  a) Acting prudently when using information acquired in the course of their duties and protecting that information?  b) Not using information for any personal gain or in any manner that would be contrary to the law or detrimental to the legitimate and ethical objectives of the organisation?	<b>√ √ √</b>			As above. Plus/ Annual mandatory idev training on GDPR	8
23-25	Competency  Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors display competence by:  a) Only carrying out services for which they have the necessary knowledge, skills and experience?  b) Performing services in accordance with the PSIAS?  c) Continually improving their proficiency and effectiveness and quality of their services, for example through CPD schemes?	44 44			Plus/  RIAS Manual – Appendix L – Quality Assurance & Performance Management outlines the continuous review process  The 2 Audit Manager's allocate quarterly workloads to staff based on the knowledge, skills and experience of individual auditors.  Relevant professional training actively encouraged and supported – CIA being actively supported, recently appointed Graduate Auditors with a view to them studying CIPFA  Support to complete CPD requirements for those with professional qualifications	2
26	Seven Principles of Public Life Based on your review of conformance with other requirements of the PSIAS and LGAN, do you consider that internal auditors, whether consciously or through conformance with organisational procedures and norms, have due regard to the Committee on Standards of Public Life's Seven Principles of Public Life?	<b>√</b> √			Yes – as above plus  Counter Fraud Strategy & Framework  VOG Constitution – page 246 Local Code of Corporate Governance	21 22
	Code of Ethics Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	Standards					
	Attribute Standards					
27-29	Does the internal audit charter conform with the PSIAS by including a formal definition of:  a) the purpose b) the authority, and c) the responsibility of the internal audit activity consistent with the Public Sector Internal Audit Standards (PSIAS)?	44 44 44			Internal Audit Charter – Section 1	1
30	Does the internal audit charter conform with the PSIAS by clearly and appropriately defining the terms 'board' and 'senior management' for the purposes of the internal audit activity?	<b>√</b> √			Internal Audit Charter – Definition of Internal Auditing page 3  Board & senior management - page 3  Governance & Audit Committees Terms of Reference * 4	1 1 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	Note that it is expected that the audit committee will fulfil the role of the board in the majority of instances.					
31-45	Does the internal audit charter also:				Internal Audit Charter	1
	<ul><li>a) Set out the internal audit activity's position within the organisation?</li><li>b) Establish the chief audit executive's (CAE) functional</li></ul>	<b>√ √ √</b>			Section 2 Independence and Objectivity states that the Head of Internal Audit has unrestricted access to the Chair of Governance and Audit Committee and direct access to Chief Executive, S151 Officer and Monitoring Officers and unrestricted access to Directors, Leaders and Audit Wales.	
	reporting relationship with the board?  c) Establish the accountability, reporting line and relationship between the CAE and those to whom the CAE may report administratively? Where applicable, this will need to encompass shared service or external providers of internal audit, and the role of the contract manager.	44			In addition, it states the governance of the provision of the shared service is carried out by the Regional Board made up of Chief Finance Officers for each Authority  All aspects a) to o) are covered d)Section 2	
	d) Establish the responsibility of the board and also the role of the statutory officers (such as the CFO, the monitoring officer and the head of paid service) with regards to internal audit?	44			e) Section 1.18	
	e) Establish internal audit's right of access to all records, assets, personnel and premises and its authority to obtain such information and explanations as it considers	<b>√</b> √				
	necessary to fulfil its responsibilities?  f) Define the scope of internal audit activities?	<b>√</b>			f) Section 1.10	
	g) Recognise that internal audit's remit extends to the entire control environment of the organisation?	<b>↓</b> ↓			g) Section 1.11 h) Mainly Section 2 of Charter	
	h) Establish the organisational independence of internal audit?	**				
	i) Cover the arrangements for appropriate resourcing?	<b>√</b> √			i)Section 3.4 j)Section 3.2 and additional references	
	j) Define the role of internal audit in any fraud-related work?	<b>√</b> √			k) Counter Fraud Strategy & Framework - Section 10 reporting & Review & Fraud	21
	k) Set out the existing arrangements within the organisation's anti- fraud and anti-corruption policies, requiring the CAE to be notified of all suspected or detected fraud, corruption or impropriety?	<b>√ x</b>			Response Plan Appendix 1  I)Conflicts and declarations of interest are covered in the <b>Charter -Section</b> 2. The Head of Place and undertake any non-cudit activities because if this did because the presence.	
	Include arrangements for avoiding conflicts of interest if internal audit or the CAE undertakes non-audit activities?	<b>4</b> 4			RIAS does not undertake any non audit activities however if this did happen the processes set out in the Charter would apply.	
	m) Define the nature of assurance services provided to the organisation, as well as assurances provided to parties	<b>√</b> √			m)Section 1.16 of Charter	
	external to the organisation?  n) Define the nature of consulting services?	<b>4</b> 4			n)Section 1.16 of Charter	
	n) Define the nature of consulting services? o) Recognise the mandatory nature of the PSIAS?	<b>√</b> √			o)Page 3, point C of Charter	
46	Does the CAE periodically review the internal audit charter and	<b>√</b> √			Internal Audit Charter is reviewed annually and was most recently approved by the relevant Governance & Audit Committee on the following dates:	9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4
	present it to senior management and the board for approval?				Bridgend = 22 <sup>nd</sup> June 2022 Merthyr = 18 <sup>th</sup> June 2022 RCT = 18 <sup>th</sup> July 2022 Vale = 13 <sup>th</sup> June 2022	
	1000 Conclusion	<b>*</b>				
	1100 Independence and Objectivity					

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
47	Does the CAE have direct and unrestricted access to senior management and the board?	44			Internal Audit Charter  Section 2 Independence and Objectivity states that the Head of Internal Audit has unrestricted access to the Chair of Governance and Audit Committee and direct access to Chief Executive, S151 Officer and Monitoring Officers and unrestricted access to Directors, Leaders and Audit Wales.	1
48	Does the CAE have free and unfettered access to, as well as communicate effectively with, the chief executive or equivalent and the chair of the audit committee?	44			As above	1
49	Does the CAE attend audit committee meetings?	44			Head RIAS and/ or the relevant Audit Manager attends Governance & Audit Committee meetings.	
50	Does the CAE contribute to audit committee agendas?	<b>√</b> √			The Head of RIAS reports to all 4 Governance & Audit Committees the following items as per the Forward Work Plan and agendas –  • Annual Internal Audit Report 2021/22  • Internal Audit Shared Service Charter 2022/23  • Internal Audit Annual Strategy and Audit Plan 2022/23  • Internal Audit Progress Report  • Recommendation Monitoring Report  • Governance & Audit Committee Self-Assessment	10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4
51-54	Are threats to objectivity identified and managed at the following levels:  a) Individual auditor? b) Engagement? c) Functional? d) Organisation?	44 44 44			The IA activity complies with the definition of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics and Standards contained in Section 6 of the PSIAS, 2019 Edition.  Individual Auditor  Vale of Glamorgan Code of Conduct & Register of Interests Annual declarations  All Internal Audit Staff members have signed a Declaration that they have read the PSIAS and that they understand that they must comply with the Standards and its Code of Ethics.  Register of Personal Interests is maintained and consulted when work is allocated  RIAS Manual  Charter	7 6.1 6 2 1
	1100 Conclusion	44				
	1110 Organisational Independence					
55	Does the CAE report to an organisational level equal or higher to the corporate management team?	<b>*</b>			Head of RIAS reports to Regional Board made up of Chief Financial Officer of each of the 4 Authorities (Example of agenda provided )	11
56	Does the CAE report to a level within the organisation that allows the internal audit activity to fulfil its responsibilities?	44			Head of RIAS reports to Chief Financial Officers of each of the 4 authorities and has unrestricted access to the Chief Executives	
57-58	Does the CAE's position in the management structure:     a) Provide the CAE with sufficient status to ensure that audit plans, reports and action plans are discussed effectively with the board?     b) Ensure that he or she is sufficiently senior and independent to be able to provide credibly constructive challenge to senior management?	44			Internal Audit Charter - Section 2 Independence and Objectivity  Audit Plans and Annual reports approved by the relevant Governance and Audit Committee	1 4.1.2, 4.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
59	Does the CAE confirm to the board, at least annually, that the internal audit activity is organisationally independent?	44			Audit Strategy 2022-23 Internal Audit Charter	4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.4.1
					Annual Report 2021-22	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
60	Is the organisational independence of internal audit realised by functional reporting by the CAE to the board?	<b>4</b> 4			a) and b) annually as per Governance and Audit Committee agendas c) Partnership agreement agrees days and therefore contributions and budget monitoring reported to RIAS Board. GAC kept informed of staff resource within the regular Progress Against the Plan reports (see agendas) and the Annual Reports	9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4
	The 'Interpretation' to PSIAS 1110 provides examples of factors which may indicate that the CAE reports functionally to the Board, which include where the board:				d) Progress Against the Plan reports to each GAC quarterly as per agenda	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	a) approves the internal audit charter				e) and f) Head of RIAS was appointed by VOG Senior Management Committee involving chairs of the 4 audit committees. Meeting 6/12/18. Replacement will be via the Senior	
	b) approves the risk-based audit plan				Management Appointment Committee meeting 3/11/22 with input from S151 and Chairs of	
	c) approves the internal audit budget and resource plan				GAC of the 4 participating Councils	
	d) receives communications from the CAE on the activity's performance (in relation to the plan, for example)				g) highlighted if necessary, in above reports	
	e) approves decisions relating to the appointment and removal of the CAE					
	f) approves the remuneration of the CAE g) seeks reassurance from management and the CAE as to whether there are any inappropriate scope or resource limitations.					
	1110 Conclusion	44				
	1111 Direct Interaction with the Board					
61	Does the CAE communicate and interact directly with the board?	44			At Governance & Audit Committee meetings. Meeting minutes evidence Head of RIAS in attendance. In addition there are pre meetings with Chairs and training sessions when appropriate.	
	1111 Conclusion	44				
	1112 Chief Audit Executive Roles Beyond Internal Auditing					
62	Where the CAE has roles or responsibilities that fall outside of internal auditing, are adequate safeguards in place to limit impairments to independence or objectivity?	<b>√</b> √			Not Applicable – Regional Internal Audit Service  Internal Audit has no operational responsibility for any other service delivery but does lead on Fraud matters in the Vale & Merthyr and liaises with Fraud staff at Bridgend & RCT	
63	Does the board periodically review these safeguards?	44			Not Applicable – Regional Internal Audit Service	
	1112 Conclusion	<b>44</b>				
	1120 Individual Objectivity					
64	Do internal auditors have an impartial, unbiased attitude?	11			Internal Audit Charter - Code of Ethics - Annex 2	1
					Vale of Glamorgan Code of Conduct & Register of Interests	7
					Annual declarations	6
65	Do internal auditors avoid any conflict of interest, whether	<b>√</b> √			Vale of Glamorgan Code of Conduct & Register of Interests	7
	apparent or actual?				Annual declarations	6
					Declarations and any previous roles within the Council are taken into account by Audit Managers when allocating work	
	1120 Conclusion	44				
	1130 Impairment to Independence or Objectivity					

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
66	If there has been any real or apparent impairment of independence or objectivity, has this been disclosed to appropriate parties (depending on the nature of the impairment and the relationship between the CAE and senior management/the board as set out in the internal audit charter)?	<b>4</b> 4			There has been no instances of an auditor's independence or objectivity being impaired.	
67	Does review indicate that work allocations have operated so that internal auditors have not assessed specific operations for which they have been responsible within the previous year?	44			As above	
68	If there have been any assurance engagements in areas over which the CAE also has operational responsibility, have these engagements been overseen by someone outside of the internal audit activity?	44			Not applicable  - NCC external assessment ✓	
69	Is the risk of over-familiarity or complacency managed effectively: for example by rotating assignments for ongoing assurance engagements and other audit responsibilities periodically within the internal audit team?	44			Whenever possible, as part of the annual planning process and audit allocation process, the Audit Managers will ensure that there is staff rotation of auditable areas if necessary	
70	Have internal auditors declared interests in accordance with organisational requirements?	44			Annual declarations	6
71	Where any internal auditor has accepted any gifts, hospitality, inducements or other benefits from employees, clients, suppliers or other third parties (other than as may be allowed by the organisation's own policies), has this been declared and investigated fully?	11			N/A - Auditors have not accepted any gifts or hospitality but are aware of the Council's Code of Conduct and the Gifts & Hospitality Policy.	6
72	Does review indicate that no instances have been identified where an internal auditor has used information obtained during the course of duties for personal gain?	44			No evidence to suggest auditors using information obtained during their duties for personal gain.	
73	Have internal auditors disclosed all material facts known to them which, if not disclosed, could distort their reports or conceal unlawful practice, subject to any confidentiality agreements?	<b>*</b> *			Charter & Code of Ethics  All audits are reviewed by a Senior staff member prior to draft being issued. Code of Ethics requires that 'Internal Auditors will perform their work with honesty, diligence and responsibility. Will observe the law and make disclosures expected by law and the profession'.	2 1 and 6
74	If there has been any real or apparent impairment of independence or objectivity relating to a proposed consulting services engagement, was this disclosed to the engagement client before the engagement was accepted?	<b>√</b> √			N/A  NCC external assessment ✓	
75	Where there have been significant additional consulting services agreed during the year that were not already included in the audit plan, was approval sought from the board before the engagement was accepted?	<b>4</b> 4			All 4 Annual Plans include an allocation for emerging risks or unplanned work. Any unplanned work will be included on the Progress Against Plan report to GAC	
	1130 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √			NCC external assessment generally conforms	
	1200 Proficiency and Due Professional Care					
	1210 Proficiency					
76	Does the CAE hold a professional qualification, such as CMIIA/CCAB or equivalent?	44			CIPFA qualified.	
77	Is the CAE suitably experienced?	44			Head of RIAS has many years' experience in the public sector and a number of years audit experience prior to becoming the Head of RIAS in February 2019, as well as CIPFA qualified	

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
					he is also AAT qualified and a qualified Programme Manager with over 30 years Internal Audit & Senior management experience in the public sector  Deputy Head is also CIPFA qualified with over 30 years public sector finance & audit experience.	
78	Is the CAE responsible for recruiting appropriate internal audit staff, in accordance with the organisation's human resources processes?	<b>44</b>			Recruitment & Selection undertaken in accordance with the Vale of Glamorgan Recruitment & Selection Policy as Vale is the host Authority.  Adverts are placed externally and shared with partnering Authorities.	
79	Does the CAE ensure that up-to-date job descriptions exist that reflect roles and responsibilities and that person specifications define the required qualifications, competencies, skills, experience and personal attributes?	44			All job descriptions and person specifications independently evaluated and were updated during 2021 prior to the RIAS staff restructure  All JD's and Person Specs	12
80	Having regard to the answers to the other questions in this section and other matters, does the internal audit activity collectively possess or obtain the skills, knowledge and other competencies required to perform its responsibilities?	<b>*</b>			IA Charter – Section 3.4 to 3.7 – Resources and Proficiency RIAS Manual Part 3 Structure & Responsibilities & App D Structure implemented in 2021 Person Specifications – specifies skills and knowledge required  During 2021 staff were matched into posts within the structure, commensurate experience was demonstrated in some roles where the required formal qualifications were not held.  The service has a qualified IT Auditor and some CIPFA + IIA qualified staff. It has recently recruited another IT Auditor and a number of graduates who will be undertaking professional training to increase the proportion of qualified staff. The Service also has a call off contract with SWAP to support with capacity and potentially specialist skills.	1 2 & 13 12
81	Where the internal audit activity does not possess the skills, knowledge and other competencies required to perform its responsibilities, does the CAE obtain competent advice and assistance?	<b>44</b>			SWAP Internal Audit Services are used if required. Not yet used for specialist skills, just additional capacity.	
82	Do internal auditors have sufficient knowledge to evaluate the risk of fraud and anti-fraud arrangements in the organisation?	<b>44</b>			RIAS Manual – Part 7 Anti Fraud, Bribery & Whistleblowing  Counter Fraud Strategy & Framework and other fraud documents are available to all staff on staffnet  Corporate Fraud Officer available for staff referrals / discussions at any time.  Gaps in knowledge would be identified in individual's its about me process	2 24, 23
83	Do internal auditors have sufficient knowledge of key information technology risks and controls?	<b>↓</b> ↓			Staff have sufficient knowledge for audits that are allocated to them  Gaps would be identified in its about me process and the post audit assessment reviews  Assistant Audit Manager holds (ISACA) – CISA qualification and available if required to share knowledge  ICT Auditor now in post and will assist in any complex IT issues	
84	Do internal auditors have sufficient knowledge of the appropriate computer-assisted audit techniques that are available to them to perform their work, including data analysis techniques?	<b>*</b>			Auditors do consider the use of technology-based audit and other data analysis techniques  IDEA Training was undertaken by some staff pre Regional Service  4 IDEA licences within RIAS so specific Auditors use IDEA for complex data analysis.	
	1210 Conclusion	<b>4</b> 4				
	1220 Due Professional Care					
85-89	Do internal auditors exercise due professional care by considering the:	44			There is a statutory requirement for Internal Audit to work in accordance with the "proper audit practices". The PSIAS and the CIPFA Local Government Application Note have been adopted.	

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	a) Extent of work needed to achieve the engagement's				Internal Audit Charter - Due Professional Care - 3.8	1
	objectives? b) Relative complexity, materiality or significance of matters	<b>√</b> √			RIAS Manual – 3.5	2
	to which assurance procedures are applied?	44			Term of Reference template	25
	c) Adequacy and effectiveness of governance, risk management and control processes?	<b>*</b>			Report template	20
	d) Probability of significant errors, fraud, or non-					
	compliance? e) Cost of assurance in relation to potential benefits?	<b>4</b> 4			e) N/A	
90-92	Do internal auditors exercise due professional care during a				All requests considered on merit; requirements are obtained in writing. If appropriate reports are produced and recommendations are made if necessary.	
	consulting engagement by considering the  a) Needs and expectations of clients, including the nature,	<b>√</b> √			Attendance on certain Boards if presence requested -eg) Information Governance Board to	
	timing and communication of engagement results?				offer advice and guidance	
	b) Relative complexity and extent of work needed to achieve the engagement's objectives?	<b>√</b> √				
	c) Cost of the consulting engagement in relation to potential benefits?	<b>11</b>				
	1220 Conclusion	√√				
		• •				
02	1230 Continuing Professional Development	<b>√</b> √			JD's and person specifications	12
93	Has the CAE defined the skills and competencies for each level of auditor?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			3D S and person specifications	12
94	Does the CAE periodically assess individual auditors against the predetermined skills and competencies?	<b>√</b> √			"Its about me" which is a corporate staff development process conducted by line managers on their staff to identify development and training needs.	
	predetermined skills and competencies?				Also, assessment is undertaken as part of the review of every audit piece of work by the	
					relevant Audit Manager.	14
95	Do internal auditors undertake a programme of continuing	<b>√</b> √			Those professionally qualified need to complete own CPD requirements	
	professional development?				Annual its about me – training and development discussed	
					Opportunity to undertake professional qualifications regularly offered	
					Idev –mandatory and optional training undertaken and recorded	
96	Do internal auditors maintain a record of their professional development and training activities?		<b>√√</b>		Idev maintains a record of courses completed and information held by staff. This is reported in the Head of Internal Audit Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	1230 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	1300 Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme					
97	Has the CAE developed a QAIP that covers all aspects of the internal audit activity and enables conformance with all	44			A Self-Assessment to ensure compliance with PSIAS is conducted on an annual basis by an auditor and any non-conformance is reported to the relevant Governance & Audit Committee.	
	aspects of the PSIAS to be evaluated?				Since forming the Regional Service many documents and work methods have changed to	
					form as standardised approach and to reflect the new audit software system.	
98	Does the QAIP assess the efficiency and effectiveness of the	<b>√</b> √			Internal Audit Charter – Section 4	1
	internal audit activity and identify opportunities for				RIAS Manual – Section 6	2
	improvement?				IA has recently adopted a <b>post audit performance and quality check</b> undertaken by the relevant Audit Manager or Assistant Audit Manager following the issuing of a draft report. This identifies good practice and areas for improvement for the Auditor completing the work.	14
						19 I Page

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
		Comorns	Comornia	Comoni		
					IA performance / <b>progress against the plan</b> is reviewed by Audit Managers and reported to the Governance & Audit Committee on a quarterly basis	27.1, 27.2, 27.3 (RCT same format but GAC cancelled)
					Performance Targets developed in consultation with All Wales IA Benchmarking Group are included in the respective <b>annual reports (Section 8)</b>	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
					Client Satisfaction Questionnaires - The completed client satisfaction questionnaires are returned electronically and reviewed by the relevant manager	16
					See completed questionnaire	
					Performance is raised at Team meetings and at <b>Service wide staff meetings</b> with staff involved in identifying how performance can be improved.	15
99	Does the CAE maintain the QAIP?	<b>4</b> 4			The PSAIS Self-Assessment is performed by an elected Auditor in consultation with the Head of RIAS and it is referenced in the <b>Annual Reports</b>	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
100	Are any statutory requirements for review of the internal audit	<b>4</b> 4			IA Charter – Section 4 – Quality Assurance & Improvement Programme.	1
	activity satisfied?				Self-assessment undertaken annually and reported in Annual Reports along with the RIAS Service Performance.	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	1300 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	1310 Requirements of the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme					
101	Does the QAIP include both internal and external	44			Charter - External Assessment (page 13)	1
	assessments?				In compliance with the PSIAS, external assessment will be carried out once every five years by a qualified, independent assessor or assessment team from outside of the RIAS Councils. The External Assessment of the previous Shared Service between Bridgend CBC and the Vale of Glamorgan Council took place during in 2017 and RCT in 2017 and Merthyr Tydfil in 2019. The next external assessment for the expanded Regional Service will take place in 2022.	
	1310 Conclusion	44				
	1311 Internal Assessments					
102	Does the CAE ensure that audit work is allocated to staff with the appropriate skills, experience and competence?	44			The relevant Audit Manager ensures that audits are allocated to appropriate staff members	
103-	Do internal assessments include ongoing monitoring of the				All audit reports are reviewed by the relevant Audit Manager or Assistant Audit Manager	
104	internal audit activity such as:				Post audit performance and quality check completed each time	14
	<ul><li>a) Routine quality monitoring processes?</li><li>b) Periodic assessments for evaluating conformance with the PSIAS?</li></ul>	<b>√ √ √</b>			See example of completed quality check	
105	Does ongoing performance monitoring contribute to quality	<b>√</b> √			Annual Reports – Key performance measures reported in Section 8	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	improvement through the effective use of performance targets?				Performance discussed at RIAS Staff Session August 2022	15
106	Is there a set of comprehensive targets which between them encompass all significant internal audit activities?	<b>*</b> *			Performance Targets developed in consultation with All Wales IA Benchmarking Group. (WCIAG) and reported in all 4 <b>Annual Reports</b>	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
107	Are the performance targets developed in consultation with appropriate parties and included in any service level agreement?	44			Performance Targets developed in consultation with All Wales IA Benchmarking Group. (WCIAG)	
108	Does the CAE measure, monitor and report on progress against these targets?	44			RIAS performance is reviewed by management and reported to the Governance & Audit Committee in the <b>annual report</b> – Section 8	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
					Staff were informed via the annual report and the RIAS Service Wide Staff meeting	15

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
109	Does ongoing performance monitoring include obtaining stakeholder feedback?	<b>4</b> 4			Client Satisfaction Questionnaire issued after completion of each audit and outcomes reviewed and reported in annual report	16
110	Are the periodic self-assessments or assessments carried out by people external to the internal audit activity undertaken by those with a sufficient knowledge of internal audit practices?  Sufficiency would require knowledge of the PSIAS and the wider guidance available such as the Local Government Application Note and/or IIA practice advisories, etc.	<b>*</b> *			Annual internal self-assessments undertaken by Audit Managers.  External Assessment undertaken by a qualified, independent assessor every 5 years, last time it was CIPFA for Vale and Bridgend and peer reviews for RCT and Merthyr  Further External Assessment planned for 2022  External Assessment undertaken during 2022/23 by Chief Internal Auditor and Audit Manager at Newport CC, both CPFA qualified with extensive IA experience	
111	Does the periodic assessment include a review of the activity against the risk-based plan and the achievement of its aims and objectives?	<b>*</b> *			Monitoring of activity against the risk-based plan regularly undertaken and reported quarterly to Governance and Audit Committee – <b>Progress Against the Plan Reports</b>	27.1, 27.2, 27.3
	1311 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	1312 External Assessments					
112	Has an external assessment been carried out, or is one planned to be carried out, at least once every five years?	<b>4</b> 4			The External Assessment of the previous Shared Service between Bridgend CBC and the Vale of Glamorgan Council took place during in 2017 and in the other respective Councils in 2018/19. The next external assessment will take place in 2022 via a per review by a Head of Internal Audit in another Local Authority.  External Assessment undertaken during 2022/23 by Chief Internal Auditor and Audit Manager at Newport CC, both CPFA qualified with extensive IA experience	
113	Has the CAE discussed the alternative approaches to external assessment with the board?  This should reflect the relative costs of the different approaches, the potential advantages of an external viewpoint, and whether there are factors which might be considered to warrant a demonstrably independent assessment.	<b>4</b> 4			The Welsh Chief Internal Auditors Group (WCIAG) considered the pros and cons of the types of assessment and agreed upon self-assessment with independent external verification – peer review.  Peer review was agreed with the RIAS Board but they requested that it should be undertaken by a Chief Auditor who has experience of providing Internal Audit to more than 1 Council.	28
114	Has the CAE properly discussed the qualifications and independence of the assessor or assessment team with the board?  In doing this, the CAE should consider whether the assessor or assessment team has demonstrated its competence in both the professional practice of internal auditing and the external assessment process.  Competence can be demonstrated through both experience and theoretical learning. Experience of similar organisations or sectors is more valuable than less relevant experience. In the case of an assessment team, not all members need to have all the competencies—it is the team as a whole that is qualified.  If the capability of the assessor or assessment team is not immediately obvious, the CAE should document how they used professional judgement to decide whether this is sufficient to carry out the external assessment.  If the assessor or assessment team has any real or apparent conflicts of interest with the organisation, this should be clearly explained to the board, and safeguards should be put in place to minimise the effect of this on the conduct of the external assessment.	**			The Welsh Chief Internal Auditors Group (WCIAG) has established the scope of the assessment and the Terms of Reference identifies that the assessors must be appropriately qualified and competent.	21   Page

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	Conflict of interest may include, but is not limited to, being a part of or under the control of the organisation to which the internal audit activity belongs.					
115	Has the CAE agreed the scope of the external assessment with an appropriate sponsor, such as the chair of the audit committee, the CFO or the chief executive?  The CAE should also agree this scope with the external assessor or assessment team.	<b>*</b>			The RIAS Board agreed that the external review process as agreed with WCAG be adopted  The external assessment was referenced in the Annual Reports (Section 9)  The Welsh Chief Internal Auditors Group (WCAG) has established the scope.	28 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	1312 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	1320 Reporting on the Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme					
116	Has the CAE reported the results of the QAIP to senior management and the board?  Note that:  a) the results of both external and periodic internal assessment must be communicated upon completion b) the results of ongoing monitoring must be communicated at least annually c) the results must include the assessor's or assessment team's evaluation with regards to the degree of the internal audit activity's conformance with the PSIAS.				The previous external assessments were reported to the relevant Audit Committees at the time. An example of the VOG & BCBC action plan in 2017 is provided  Annual Reports confirm continuing compliance to the Standards – Section 9 and Progress in Section 10	17 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
117	Has the CAE included the results of the QAIP and progress against any improvement plans in the annual report?	44			Annual Report - Section 9 & 10	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	1320 Conclusion	44				
	1321 Use of 'Conforms with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing'					
118	Has the CAE stated that the internal audit activity conforms with the PSIAS only if the results of the QAIP support this?	44			Annual Report - Section 9	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	1321 Conclusion	44				
	1322 Disclosure of Non-conformance					
119	Has the CAE reported any instances of non-conformance with the PSIAS to the board?	44			No deviations from PSIAS have been identified	
120	If appropriate, has the CAE considered including any significant deviations from the PSIAS in the governance statement and has this been evidenced?	44			n/a	

## 122 Conclusion  ## Promance Standards  ## 2000 Managing the Internal Audit Activity  ## 2010 Planning  ## 2010 Managing the Internal Audit Activity  ## 212 These the Calc determined the priorities of the internal audit will be operated with the operation of positive of the internal audit with the operation of positive of the internal audit with the operation of positive of the internal audit of the internal audi	Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
2000 Managing the Internal Audit Activity  2010 Ranning  21 Has the CAC determined the priorities of the Internal audit with the organizations plans and are these priorities cornelated with the organizations plan and are these priorities cornelated with the organizations plan and are these priorities cornelated with the organizations plan and are the priorities cornelated with the organization plan take into account the requirement to priorities cornelated by the produce an annual Internal audit opinion?  22 Charter - Section 1 - Purpose.  Annual Reports - 1.4  The 2012 Six house flow an annual opinion of the Count's own all control for Count's own and control for Count's own and control for Count's own and country of the Countr		1322 Conclusion	44				
2010 Planning 121 Has the CAE determined the priorities of the internal audit decidy in a facilitation guestry 122 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 123 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 124 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 125 or high-feel silutement of:  126 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 127 or high-feel silutement of:  128 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 129 or high-feel silutement of:  129 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 120 or high-feel silutement of:  120 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 121 or high-feel silutement of:  122 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 123 or high-feel silutement of:  124 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 125 or high-feel silutement of:  126 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 127 or high-feel silutement of:  128 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 128 or high-feel silutement of:  129 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 130 or high-feel silutement of:  130 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 140 or high-feel silutement of:  141 Decided the province of provinces?  142 Does the real-cleased plan incorporate or is it limited to a strategy 141 or high provinces and provinces?  143 Decided the provinces of the clean of	F	Performance Standards					
122 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit opinion?  123 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit opinion?  124 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit opinion?  125 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit opinion?  126 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit opinion?  127 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit and informal audit observed?  128 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit and informal audit observed?  129 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit observed?  120 Lobes the risk-based plan incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit and incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit and incorporate or is it linked to a strategic or high-lend statement of the informal audit and incorporate inc		2000 Managing the Internal Audit Activity					
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Dees the fisk-based plan set out the independent of the plan set of the fish plane of the plan set out the independent of the plane of	122	·	<b>*</b> *			Annual Reports – 1.4  The 2021/22 Internal Audit Plan outlined the assignments to be carried out to enable the Head of Internal Audit to form an annual opinion of the Council's overall control environment including, governance, risk management and internal control. The plan had regard to the continuing impact caused by the pandemic and the changes that have been made to the	
Does the risk-based plan set out how internal audit's work will identify and address local and national issues and risks?  Charter Audit Strategy - Section 6  1.		or high-level statement of:  a) How the internal audit service will be delivered?  b) How the internal audit service will be developed in accordance with the internal audit charter?  c) How the internal audit service links to organisational	44				
In developing the risk-based plan, has the CAE taken into account the organisation's risk management framework and relative risk maturity of the organisation?  If such a risk management framework does not exist, has the CAE used their judgement of risks after input from senior management and the board and evidenced this?  Does the risk-based plan set out the:  a) Audit work to be carried out?  b) Respective priorities of those pieces of audit work?  c) Estimated resources needed for the work?  Does the risk-based plan differentiate between audit and other types of work?  132   Does the risk-based plan differentiate between audit and other types of work?  133   Is the risk-based plan sufficiently flexible to reflect the changing risks and priorities of the organisation?  134   Does the CAE used their judgement of risks after input from senior management and the board and evidenced this?  155   The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  156   The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  157   The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  157   The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources are also discussed in the RIAS Board meetings  258   See resources are also discussed in the RIAS Board meetings  269   See resources available to deliver the audit plan overall and per audit job  179   Yes, consultancy, advice and guidance built in  170   Yes, consultancy, advice and guidance built in  171   A.1.2, 4.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2  172   A.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2  173   See resources available to deliver the audit plan overall and per audit job  170   Yes, consultancy, advice and guidance built in  171   A.1.2, 4.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2  172   A.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2  173   See res	126	Does the risk-based plan set out how internal audit's work will	<b>√</b> √				1, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4
CAE used their judgement of risks after input from senior management and the board and evidenced this?  Does the risk-based plan set out the:  a) Audit work to be carried out?  b) Respective priorities of those pieces of audit work?  c) Estimated resources needed for the work?  Does the risk-based plan differentiate between audit and other types of work?  Types of work?  See example of reply from HoS  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities and the resources required.  The Annual Plan is approved by Governance & Audit and sets out the audit work to be performed, the priorities of the performed, the performed, the performed, t	127	In developing the risk-based plan, has the CAE taken into account the organisation's risk management framework and	44			Charter	1, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4
a) Audit work to be carried out? b) Respective priorities of those pieces of audit work? c) Estimated resources needed for the work?  132 Does the risk-based plan differentiate between audit and other types of work?  133 Is the risk-based plan sufficiently flexible to reflect the changing risks and priorities of the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  134 Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  135 Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  136 Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  137 Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  138 Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?	128	CAE used their judgement of risks after input from senior	<b>4</b> 4			process	18
types of work?  133 Is the risk-based plan sufficiently flexible to reflect the changing risks and priorities of the organisation?  134 Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  136 Each plan is monitored regularly by the relevant Audit Manager and Head RIAS, Regular meetings with relevant S151 Officers in each Authority regarding progress, issues identified etc, and Progress against the plan is reported to all 4 GAC's quarterly.  27.1, 27.2, 27.3, 27.4		a) Audit work to be carried out? b) Respective priorities of those pieces of audit work?	44			performed, the priorities and the resources required.  Resources are also discussed in the RIAS Board meetings	
risks and priorities of the organisation?  Does the CAE review the plan on a regular basis and has he or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  Each plan is monitored regularly by the relevant Audit Manager and Head RIAS, Regular meetings with relevant S151 Officers in each Authority regarding progress, issues identified etc, and Progress against the plan is reported to all 4 GAC's quarterly.  27.1, 27.2, 27.3, 27.4	132	·	44			Yes, consultancy, advice and guidance built in	4.1.2, 4.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2
or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations, programmes, systems and controls?  Regular meetings with relevant S151 Officers in each Authority regarding progress, issues identified etc, and  Progress against the plan is reported to all 4 GAC's quarterly.  27.1, 27.2, 27.3, 27.4	133	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>√</b> √			Contingency is built into the plan for emerging risks and unplanned items	4.1.2, 4.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2
	134	or she adjusted the plan when necessary in response to changes in the organisation's business, risks, operations,	44			Regular meetings with relevant S151 Officers in each Authority regarding progress, issues identified etc, and	
							27.1, 27.2, 27.3, 27.4

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
135	Is the internal audit activity's plan of engagements based on a documented risk assessment?	<b>4</b> 4			Corporate risk registers and service plans are used to inform the planning process as per the <b>Audit Strategy</b> (Sections 6,7 and 8) alongside discussions with Senior Officer and Governance and Audit Committee  It is planned to refine this process further making use of the MK Pentana software functionality	
136	Is the risk assessment used to develop the plan of engagements undertaken at least annually?	<b>√</b> √			As Above.	
137- 140	In developing the risk-based plan, has the CAE also given sufficient consideration to:  a) Any declarations of interest (for the avoidance for conflicts of interest)?  b) The requirement to use specialists, eg IT or contract and procurement auditors?  c) Allowing contingency time to undertake ad hoc reviews or fraud investigations as necessary?  d) The time required to carry out the audit planning process effectively as well as regular reporting to and attendance of the board, the development of the annual report and the CAE opinion?	44 44 44			<ul> <li>a) All staff complete and are asked to maintain declarations of interest and Audit Manager had regard to these</li> <li>b) Have IT Specialist in team and Senior Auditors have developed specialisms which are considered. Also have the option to use SWAP</li> <li>c) Fraud and contingency provision is included in the audit plans</li> <li>d) This provision is also included in the audit plan for these items</li> </ul>	6 4.1.2, 4.2.2, 4.3.2, 4.4.2
141	In developing the risk-based plan, has the CAE consulted with senior management and the board to obtain an understanding of the organisation's strategies, key business objectives, associated risks and risk management processes?	<b>4</b> 4			Consultation meetings with Chief Executives, Directors, Heads of Service each year on the annual plan of work provides the opportunity for senior management to input to the risk-based plan.  This is completed using a questionnaire and meetings	18.1 18.2
142	Does the CAE identify and consider the expectations of senior management, the board and other stakeholders for internal audit opinion and any other conclusions?	<b>*</b>			The Consultation with Heads of Service allows consideration of their expectations.     Quarterly meetings with External Auditors     Regular Meetings with S151 Officers     Pre Governance & Audit Committee briefings with Chair & Vice Chair.     Regular Governance and Audit Committee Meetings	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
143	Does the CAE take into consideration any proposed consulting engagement's potential to improve the management of risks, to add value and to improve the organisation's operations before accepting them?	<b>4</b> 4			As above, audits and consultancy work terms of reference takes account of any identified / perceived risks	
144	Are consulting engagements that have been accepted included in the risk-based plan?	44			If accepted they would be included in plan and therefore the monitoring reports. There is a provision in the plan for advice and guidance as well as a contingency provision.	
	2010 Conclusion	<b>4</b> 4				
	2020 Communication and Approval					
145	Has the CAE communicated the internal audit activity's plans and resource requirements to senior management and the board for review and approval?	44			Covering Reports of the Strategy and Plan to GAC * 4	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4
146	Has the CAE communicated any significant interim changes to the plan and/or resource requirements to senior management	<b>4</b> 4			Any significant changes are reported to Governance & Audit Committee as and when they arise and included in quarterly the <b>progress against plan report</b> .	27.1, 27.2, 27.3

197 New Dis CAE communicated the impact of any revocuted instances and management and the board?  2929 Resource Management  198 See CAE communicated the impact of any revocuted instances and only only 18 A 38 instances and management and the board?  2929 Resource Management  199 See The Management Town Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audits resource  199 See The Charge pain expain from Internal audit profession with any service of the secretic pain internal audit profession with any service of the secretic pain internal audit profession with any service of the secretic pain internal audit profession with any service of the secretic pain internal audit profession with any service of the secretic pain internal audit profession of the Internal audit profession of the Internal audit profession of the Secretic pain internal audit profession of the Internal audit profession of	Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
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200 Recourse Management  188	147		44				11 & 28
Does the risk-based para explain how informal audif is resource.    Has the CAE planned the deployment of resources, experimental town been agreed in the RNAS business case and the plan is developed on the base developed		2020 Conclusion	44				
requirements have been assessed?  109 He be CAE planned to diploment of resources and the properties of the diploment of resources and the diploment of the diploment of resources and the diploment of the planned shows a subject to the requirement to minimar duration to the functions being unabled, subject to the requirement to colors sufficient assurance?  150 If the CAE believes that the level of agreed resources will report the function of the internal saud and its bet verticated and such as sufficient of the internal saud and its better the diploment of the planned work and required and put that planne policies and procedures to guide the internal audit activity?  2000 Conclusion  2000 Conclusion  2000 Conclusion  2001 Conclusion  2001 Conclusion  2002 Conclusion  2002 Conclusion  2003 Conclusion  2004 Policies and procedures regularly reviewed and standards?  2005 Conclusion  2005		2030 Resource Management					
sequestably the timing of engagements, in conjunction with management to minimise description to the Eurotectors being audited. Subject to the requirement to obtain sufficient sesuance?  150  If the CAE believes that the level of agreed resources will impact adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has be or ab brought these consequences to the attention of the plannes will be adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has be or ab brought these consequences to the attention of the plannes will be adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has be or ab brought these consequences to the attention of the plannes will be adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has be or ab brought these consequences to the attention of the plannes will be adversely on the provision of the internal audit points, has been a brought these consequences to the attention of the plannes will be adversely on the provision of the internal audit points and procedures.  2030 Policies and Procedures  151 I the the CAE developed and put into place policies and procedures to guide the internal audit audity?  152 Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  153 Does the risk-based plan include an adequately developed approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place relance upon those sources?  153 Does the risk-based plan include an adequately developed approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place relance upon those sources?  154 Does the ACE report predictably to senior management and the Board  155 Does the private of the processes and the source of the processes across the processes and the include and audit activity supprose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its planner.  156 Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and current foliated and audit activity supprose, authority, r	148	· · ·	44				
impact adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has he or sine brought those consequences to the altertion of the board?  2000 Conclusion  2004 Policies and Procedures  151 Has the CAE developed and put into place policies and procedures to guide the internal audit activity?  2004 Policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to relieful the internal audit activity?  2004 Policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to relieful changes in working practices and standards?  2005 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2007 Audit Strategy – take account of the regulatory bodies' reports, -15.1  Audit Strategy – take account of other regulatory bodies' reports, -15.1  2006 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2006 Conclusion  2007 Audit Strategy – take account of other regulatory bodies' reports, -15.1  2008 Conclusion  2008 Conclusion  2008 Conclusion  2009 Policies and procedures regulatory bodies' reports, -15.1  4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.4.1	149	especially the timing of engagements, in conjunction with management to minimise disruption to the functions being audited, subject to the requirement to obtain sufficient	<b>*</b> *			undertaken in their areas in advance of work being performed. As part of the planning for individual audits, management are informed that an audit is to be undertaken and issues regarding timing considered.  An email is send to each Directorate after plan has been agreed to inform them of the planned	19
2040 Policios and Procedures  151 Has: The CAE developed and put into place policies and procedures to guide the internal audit activity?  152 Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  152 Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  153 The RIAS Manual has been updated most recently to reflect the changes following the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes across the RIAS  153 Does the risk-based plan include an adequately developed approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place reliance upon those sources?  154 Does the required to place reliance upon those sources?  155 Does the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  155 Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requised other matters needed or requised by basic, issues identified with any limited assurance reports and successful of the Committee of audit may limited assurance reports and successful other matters needed or requised by senior management and the board of requested by senior management and the board of requised by senior management and the board of the committee of the provided in the Annual Reports  156 Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or required to the Committee of Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.	150	impact adversely on the provision of the internal audit opinion, has he or she brought these consequences to the attention of	44			including impact in terms of slippage. Agreement to have an agreement with SWAP Internal	
151 Has the CAE developed and put into place policies and procedures to guide the internal audit activity?  152 Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated or reflect changes in working practices and standards?  153 Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated or reflect changes in working practices and standards?  154 Part Bright Shanual pudated regularly to reflect any changes in working practices, standards & legislation.  155 The RIAS Manual has been updated most recently to reflect the changes following the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes across the RIAS.  155 Dees the risk-based plan include an adequately developed approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place reliance upon those sources?  156 Dees the CAE developed and put into place reliance upon those sources?  157 Dees the periodically to senior management and the Board  158 Dees the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  157 Dees the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  158 Is the frequency and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board and end the board on the increase and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board and are declared a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates information also provided in the Annual Reports and detailed a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates information also provided in the Annual Reports and detailed a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates information also provided in the Annual Reports including reports and detailed a well as any areas of con		2030 Conclusion	<b>4</b> 4				
procedures to guide the internal audit activity?  Are the policies and procedures regularly reviewed and updated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Page 14.1. A 2.1. A 2.		2040 Policies and Procedures					
logislation.  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and standards?  Indicated to reflect changes in working practices and the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes and and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the sufficient system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the sudit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the sudit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the sudit software system and the adoption of processes aross the implementation of the sudit software system and the adoption of process and additional material and the adoption of processes aros and the sudit software secures and control is account of sudit soft	151		<b>4</b> 4			RIAS Manual and associated appendices	2
2050 Coordination  153 Does the risk-based plan include an adequately developed approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place reliance upon those sources?  2050 Conclusion  2050 Conclusion  2050 Reporting to Senior Management and the Board  154 Does the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  155 Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  156 Is the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are  2050 Conclusion  4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.4.1  4.1.1	152	updated to reflect changes in working practices and	<b>√</b> √			legislation.  The RIAS Manual has been updated most recently to reflect the changes following the implementation of the audit software system and the adoption of processes across the	2
Does the risk-based plan include an adequately developed approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place reliance upon those sources?  2050 Conclusion  2060 Reporting to Senior Management and the Board  Does the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  Is the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are  Audit Strategy – take account of other regulatory bodies' reports, · 15.1  4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.4.1  4.1.1, 4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.4.1  4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.1.1  4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.1.1  4.1.1,		2040 Conclusion	44				
approach to using other sources of assurance and any work that may be required to place reliance upon those sources?    2050 Conclusion		2050 Coordination					
2060 Reporting to Senior Management and the Board  154 Does the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  155 Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  156 Is the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are  157 Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  157 Quarterly reporting to the Governance & Audit Committee, Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.	153	approach to using other sources of assurance and any work	<b>4</b> 4			Regular Audit Wales meetings and Audit Wales reports	4.1.1, 4.2.1, 4.3.1, 4.4.1
Does the CAE report periodically to senior management and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  Does the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are  Annual Reports  RIAS Board Meetings  Performance and progress relative to the Plan is reported to the Governance & Audit Committee on a quarterly basis. Issues identified within any limited assurance reports are detailed a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates  Information also provided in the Annual Reports  Quarterly reporting to the Governance & Audit Committee, Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.		2050 Conclusion	44				
Annual Reports and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its plan?  Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  156 Is the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are  3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5 118 28  Performance and progress relative to the Plan is reported to the Governance & Audit Committee on a quarterly basis. Issues identified within any limited assurance reports are detailed a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates Information also provided in the Annual Reports  Quarterly reporting to the Governance & Audit Committee, Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.		2060 Reporting to Senior Management and the Board					
Does the periodic reporting also include significant risk exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or requested by senior management and the board?  156 Is the frequency and content of such reporting determined in discussion with senior management and the board and are  Committee on a quarterly basis. Issues identified within any limited assurance reports are detailed a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates Information also provided in the Annual Reports  Quarterly reporting to the Governance & Audit Committee, Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.	154	and the board on the internal audit activity's purpose, authority, responsibility and performance relative to its	<b>44</b>			Annual Reports RIAS Board Meetings	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5 11 & 28
discussion with senior management and the board and are  Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.	155	exposures and control issues, including fraud risks, governance issues and other matters needed or				Committee on a quarterly basis. Issues identified within any limited assurance reports are detailed a well as any areas of concern including regular fraud updates Information also provided in the <b>Annual Reports</b>	
Nautional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.	156		<b>4</b> 4			Quarterly reporting to the Governance & Audit Committee,	
!-		discussion with senior management and the board and are				Additional meetings may be called as required in exceptional circumstances.	25   Page

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	they dependent on the importance of the information to be communicated and the urgency of the related actions to be taken by senior management or the board?					
	2060 Conclusion	44				
	2070 External Service Provider and Organisational Responsibility for Internal Auditing					
157	Where an external internal audit service provider acts as the internal audit activity, does that provider ensure that the organisation is aware that the responsibility for maintaining and effective internal audit activity remains with the organisation?	44			Set out in reports and legal agreement for the expansion of Regional Internal Audit Service.  Tender exercise undertaken and contract awarded to SWAP Internal Audit Services to be used as and when required.	
	2070 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2100 Nature of Work					
	2110 Governance					
158-163	Does the internal audit activity assess and make appropriate recommendations to improve the organisation's governance processes for:  a) Making strategic and operational decisions? b) Overseeing risk management and control? c) Promoting appropriate ethics and values within the organisation? d) Ensuring effective organisational performance management and accountability? e) Communicating risk and control information to appropriate areas of the organisation? f) Coordinating the activities of and communicating information among the board, external and internal auditors and management?	44 44 44 44 44			The following documents provide a systematic and disciplined approach:  RIAS Manual – Appendix F Annual Reports 2021/22 IA Charter Annual Plan 2022/23. Progress against the plan reports  In addition, the standard audit report template states the audit will provide an opinion on "the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control, governance and risk management arrangements in place". Risk and controls are explained in context of findings  Annual Governance Statement is included on the audit plan across all 4 Council's for this purpose as well as this element being included in individual audits where appropriate  Annual Reports – to provide the Governance and Audit Committee with assurance on the whole system of internal control, including the adequacy of risk management and corporate	2 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 1 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 27.1, 27.2, 27.3 20 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
	implementation and effectiveness of the organisation's ethics-related objectives, programmes and activities? This is an area where the CAE may be able to use other sources of assurance.				governance arrangements and also audit reviews on the codes of conduct is included in the audit plans as well as a review of the Annual Governance Statements	
165	Has the internal audit activity assessed whether the organisation's information technology governance supports the organisation's strategies and objectives? This is an area where the CAE may be able to use other sources of assurance.	<b>√</b> √			IT audits are programmed each year to enable Internal Audit to assess whether the Authority's IT governance supports its strategies and objectives.  The Assistant Audit Manager is ISACA qualified and there is a new ICT Auditor post recently filled to ensure there is a level of expertise.	
	2110 Conclusion	44				
	2120 Risk Management					
166- 169	Has the internal audit activity evaluated the effectiveness of the organisation's risk management processes by determining that:				Risk Management is included on the audit plan across all 4 Council's for this purpose as well as this element being included in individual audits where appropriate	2

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	a) Organisational objectives support and align with the organisation's mission?	44			RIAS Manual – Appendix G	
	b) Significant risks are identified and assessed?	<b>√</b> √				
	c) Appropriate risk responses are selected that align risks with the organisation's risk appetite?	<b>*</b>				
	d) Relevant risk information is captured and communicated in a timely manner across the organisation, thus enabling the staff, management and the board to carry out their responsibilities?	<b>*</b> *				
170- 174	Has the internal audit activity evaluated the risks relating to the organisation's governance, operations and information systems regarding the:				These elements are considered in all audits as appropriate.	
	a) Achievement of the organisation's strategic objectives?	44				
	b) Reliability and integrity of financial and operational	<b>√</b> √				
	information? c) Effectiveness and efficiency of operations and	<b>√</b> √				
	programmes?	<b>√ √ √</b>				
	d) Safeguarding of assets?	**				
	e) Compliance with laws, regulations, policies, procedures and contracts?					
175	Has the internal audit activity evaluated the potential for fraud	44			Counter Fraud Strategy Framework 2021-24	24
	and also how the organisation itself manages fraud risk?				Anti Fraud, Bribery & Corruption Policy	23
					RIAS Manual Part 7 Anti-Fraud, Bribery And Whistleblowing	2
					Annual Plan - Audit budget for fraud, error, and irregularities in each plan	
176	Do internal auditors address risk during consulting	44			Risk is always considered during all audit assignments.	
	engagements consistently with the objectives of the engagement?				Corporate & Service Risk Registers are accessed	
	engagement:				Audit terms of reference and work programmes on MK Insight identify the risks	25
177	Are internal auditors alert to other significant risks when undertaking consulting engagements?	44			Risk is always considered during all assignments.	
178	Do internal auditors incorporate knowledge of risks gained	44			Knowledge of risks gained form consulting engagements are considered where necessary.	
	from consulting engagements into their evaluation of the organisation's risk management processes?				Annual Reports - Analyses the work and overall performance of the Internal Audit Service	
	organication of the management processes.				and contains the assurance statement based on all the work undertaken during the year.	
179	Do internal auditors successfully avoid managing risks themselves, which would in effect lead to taking on management responsibility, when assisting management in establishing or improving risk management processes?	<b>√</b> √			Auditors provide advice and guidance but would not directly be involved in risk management processes.	
	2120 Conclusion	<b>*</b>				
	2130 Control					
180-	Has the internal audit activity evaluated the adequacy and				Annual Reports – Evaluates and provides assurance to Governance & Audit Committee	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
184	effectiveness of controls in the organisation's governance, operations and information systems regarding the:				on the adequacy of controls in respect of each Authority's governance, operations and information systems.	
	a) Achievement of the organisation's strategic objectives?	11				
	b) Reliability and integrity of financial and operational information?	<b>√</b> √				
	c) Effectiveness and efficiency of operations and	44				
	programmes?	<b>√</b> √	I	I		j

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	d) Safeguarding of assets? e) Compliance with laws, regulations, policies, procedures and contracts?	<b>44</b>				
185	Do internal auditors utilise knowledge of controls gained during consulting engagements when evaluating the organisation's control processes?	44			Yes all relevant information is used	
	2130 Conclusion	44				
	2200 Engagement Planning					
186	Do internal auditors develop and document a plan for each engagement?	<b>4</b> 4			RIAS Manual – Section 5 : Conducting Audits including Appendix J detailed process and Appendix H – MK Pentana instructions	2
					Terms of reference then developed and issued from Pentana MK	25
187- 190	Does the engagement plan include the engagement's:  a) Objectives? b) Scope? c) Timing? d) Resource allocations?	44 44 44			See RIAS Terms of reference template  Timing – when best to avoid or undertake the audit is asked of Senior Managers when plan is agreed and the Audit Manager makes every effort to take requests into consideration.  The Auditor is allocated a number of days to complete each audit on their quarterly allocation	
					and this allocation is reflected on the Pentana MK system where actual against planned time is monitored.	
191-	Do internal auditors consider the following in planning an				RIAS Manual – Section 5 : Conducting Audits & Appendix J	2
198	engagement, and is this documented:  a) The objectives of the activity being reviewed?	<b>//</b>			All documents and evidence are saved in an electronic folder for each audit and key documents are linked in Pentana MK	
	b) The means by which the activity controls its performance?	11			a) Objectives included in the terms of reference and on work programmes	
	c) The significant risks to the activity being audited?	<b>4 4</b>			b) Expected and actual controls included in work programmes.	
	d) The activity's resources?	<b>4</b>			<ul><li>c) Risks included in work programmes</li><li>d) Would be covered in initial meeting</li></ul>	
	e) The activity's operations?	44				
	f) The means by which the potential impact of risk is kept to an acceptable level?	44			e) Service plans, performance indicators, staffnet reviewed f) Actual and expected controls are documented in Pentana MK	
	g) The adequacy and effectiveness of the activity's governance, risk management and control processes compared to a relevant framework or model?	<b>4</b> 4			g) All documented in work programmes	
	h) The opportunities for making significant improvements to the activity's governance, risk management and control processes?	<b>*</b> *			h) Management action plan issued containing any recommendations made to make improvements	
199- 201	Where an engagement plan has been drawn up for an audit to a party outside of the organisation, have the internal auditors established a written understanding with that party about the following:				Not applicable to Merthyr VOG & BCBC but in RCT there is an agreement is in place for work on SE Wales Corporate Joint Committee (CJC)	29
	a) Objectives?	11				
	b) Scope?	<b>4 4</b>				
	c) The respective responsibilities and other expectations of the internal auditors and the outside party (including restrictions on distribution of the results of the engagement and access to engagement records)?	44				
202- 204	For consulting engagements, have internal auditors established an understanding with the engagement clients about the				Same process would be followed as explained above	
	following:	<b>√ √</b>				
	a) Objectives?	<b>√</b> √				

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	b) Scope? c) The respective responsibilities of the internal auditors and the client and other client expectations?	<b>4</b> 4				
205	For significant consulting engagements, has this understanding been documented?	<b>4</b> 4			As above.	
	2200 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2210 Engagement Objectives					
206	Have objectives been agreed for each engagement?	<b>4</b> 4			Initial objective is agreed at the <b>audit plan</b> stage as detailed  This is developed during the initial meeting and are included on the <b>terms of reference</b> RIAS Manual – Appendix J	4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 25 2
207	Have internal auditors carried out a preliminary risk assessment of the activity under review?	<b>√</b> √			RIAS Manual Section 4 – audit planning and risk assessment process to develop the audit plan  Once the audit has been allocated, the Auditor will discuss risk in the initial meeting with the auditee	
208	Do the engagement objectives reflect the results of the preliminary risk assessment that has been carried out?	<b>44</b>			Yes, the terms of reference will reflect any information gained by Auditors during the planning stage as well as the information gathered during the audit planning stage – risk registers, service plans etc	
209- 212	Have internal auditors considered the probability of the following, when developing the engagement objectives:  a) Significant errors? b) Fraud? c) Non-compliance? d) Any other risks?	44 44 44			RIAS Manual – Section 4  The audit objectives are prepared by the relevant Audit Manager based on the information obtained when preparing the audit plans.  This is the basis for the TOR of the audit. The Auditor discusses this with the Auditee and develops the audit scope, testing etc to deliver the scope. This takes into account governance, risk and internal control and also errors, fraud and non-compliance	2
213	Have internal auditors ascertained whether management and/or the board have established adequate criteria to evaluate and determine whether organisational objectives and goals have been accomplished?	44			Corporate Plans, Service Plans, Corporate Self-Assessments are available and Corporate Self Assessment is included in 2022/23 plan	
214	If the criteria has been deemed adequate, have the internal auditors used the criteria in their evaluation of governance, risk management and controls?	11			Yes, depending on the nature and type of audit being conducted	
215	If the criteria has been deemed inadequate, have the internal auditors worked with management and/or the board to develop appropriate evaluation criteria?	<b>*</b>			Yes if necessary	
216	If the value for money criteria has been referred to, has the use of all the organisation's main types of resources been considered, including money, people and assets?	11			Yes if necessary but VFM audits not conducted recently	
217	Do the objectives set for consulting engagements address governance, risk management and control processes as agreed with the client?	44			Yes, depending on the nature and type of engagement	

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
218	Are the objectives set for consulting engagements consistent with the organisation's own values, strategies and objectives?	√√			As above.	
	2210 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2220 Engagement Scope					
219	Is the scope that is established for each engagement generally sufficient to satisfy the engagement's objectives?	44			RIAS Manual – Appendix J  Terms of Reference is discussed with relevant Manager and Auditor, and this is also agreed by relevant Audit Manager before issue	2
220	Does the scope for each engagement include consideration of relevant systems, records, personnel and physical properties?	√√			As above.	
221	Does this consideration include areas under the control of outside parties, where appropriate?	√√			As above.	
222	Where significant consulting opportunities have arisen during an assurance engagement, was a specific written understanding as to the objectives, scope, respective responsibilities and other expectations drawn up?	<b>4</b> 4			N/A	
223	Where significant consulting opportunities have arisen during an assurance engagement, were the results of the subsequent engagement communicated in accordance with the relevant consulting standards?	44			N/A	
224	For each consulting engagement, was the scope of the engagement generally sufficient to address any agreed-upon objectives?	44			N/A	
225	If the internal auditors developed any reservations about the scope of a consulting engagement while undertaking that engagement, did they discuss those reservations with the client and therefore determine whether or not to continue with the engagement?	<b>*</b> *			N/A	
226	During consulting engagements, did internal auditors address the controls that are consistent with the objectives of those engagements?	44			N/A	
227	During consulting engagements, were internal auditors alert to any significant control issues?	<b>√</b> √			RIAS Manual Section 5 :paragraph 5.1  During the conduct of an audit, auditors will be alert to any significant risks and control issues.	2
	2220 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2230 Engagement Resource Allocation					
228- 230	Have internal auditors decided upon the appropriate and sufficient level of resources required to achieve the objectives of the engagement based on:  a) The nature and complexity of each individual engagement?  b) Any time constraints?  c) The resources available?	44 44 44			The individual audits are allocated to audit staff by the relevant Audit Manager.  The audits are allocated to staff after considering a), b) and c)  See staff allocation to audit job	
	2230 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2240 Engagement Work Programme					
231	Have internal auditors developed and documented work programmes that achieve the engagement objectives?	11			Work programmes are developed for each audit in MK Pentana – see RIAS Manual – Appendix G – page 26	2

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
232- 235	Do the engagement work programmes include the following procedures for:  a) Identifying information? b) Analysing information? c) Evaluating information?	44 44 44			RIAS Manual Section 5 : Audit Testing and Appendix J  See actual work programme	2
236	d) Documenting information?  Were work programmes approved prior to implementation for each engagement?	<b>→ → →</b>			Scope and objectives are approved by the Audit Manager for each audit and the Auditor will select the appropriate pre-approved programmes from the library of programmes for audits. Staff also discuss any queries with colleagues across the Service including the relevant Manager. Where staff are less experienced support is provided by the Audit Managers / Senior Auditors to guide them.	
237	Were any adjustments required to work programmes approved promptly?	44			N/A	
	2240 Conclusion	44				
	2300 Performing the Engagement					
	2310 Identifying Information					
238	Do internal auditors generally identify (sufficient, reliable, relevant and useful) information which supports engagement results and conclusions?	<b>4</b> 4			RIAS Manual Section 5: Audit Testing and Appendix J  Audit Manager will ensure during management review that information has been appropriately identified, analysed, evaluated and documented.  In order to ensure the quality of the work performed by Audit staff, a range of quality measures are in place which include:  Supervision & direction of staff conducting audit work  Documented review of all completed audits by the relevant Audit Manager via the post audit performance and quality check by the relevant manager.	14
	2310 Conclusion	√√			post audit performance and quality check by the relevant manager.	
	2320 Analysis and Evaluation					
239	Have internal auditors generally based their conclusions and engagement results on appropriate analyses and evaluations?	<b>4</b> 4			RIAS Manual Section 5 : Audit Testing and Appendix J  Audit Manager will ensure during management review that information has been appropriately identified, analysed, evaluated, and documented.	14
240- 244	Have internal auditors generally remained alert to the possibility of the following when performing their individual audits, and has this been documented:  a) Intentional wrongdoing?  b) Errors and omissions?  c) Poor value for money?  d) Failure to comply with management policy?  e) Conflicts of interest?	44 44 44 44			RIAS Manual Section 5 : Audit Testing and Appendix J  Audit Manager will ensure during management review that information has been appropriately identified, analysed, evaluated and documented.	2 14
	2320 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2330 Documenting Information					
245	Have internal auditors documented the relevant information required to support engagement conclusions and results?	<b>4</b> 4			As above. All working papers & audit reports are reviewed to ensure this is the case.	
246	Are working papers sufficiently complete and detailed to enable another experienced internal auditor with no previous connection	44			RIAS Manual and Appendix J	31   Page

247 [ 248   H 249   H	with the audit to ascertain what work was performed, to re- perform it if necessary and to support the conclusions reached?  Does the CAE control access to engagement records?  Has the CAE obtained the approval of senior management and/or legal counsel as appropriate before releasing such records to external parties?  Has the CAE developed and implemented retention requirements for all types of engagement records?	***		Standardised work programmes and linked evidence in MK Pentana  Relevant Audit Manager, during review process, will ensure that the working papers are sufficiently detailed and support the report's conclusions.  Pentana MK is a cloud based application with security access in place	14
248 H a a r	Has the CAE obtained the approval of senior management and/or legal counsel as appropriate before releasing such records to external parties?  Has the CAE developed and implemented retention	<b>*</b>		Pentana MK is a cloud based application with security access in place	
249 H	and/or legal counsel as appropriate before releasing such records to external parties?  Has the CAE developed and implemented retention				
	·	44		The Head of RIAS would only release information after advice from the relevant Information Governance Manager.	
				VOG Retention Schedule is used as Vale is the host authority – information kept for 7 years  Pentana MK can allow archiving of information	26
C	Are the retention requirements for engagement records consistent with the organisation's own guidelines as well as any relevant regulatory or other requirements?	44		As above	
2	2330 Conclusion	44			
2	2340 Engagement Supervision				
c	Are all engagements properly supervised to ensure that objectives are achieved, quality is assured and that staff are developed?	<b>*</b> *		RIAS Manual and Appendix K – Audit Reporting  RIAS Manual and Appendix L – Quality Assurance  Audit Managers undertake audit reviews and the results are recorded on the Post Audit Performance & Quality Check form included in Appendix K	14
	s appropriate evidence of supervision documented and retained for each engagement?	44		RIAS Manual and Appendix H – Pentana MK User Manual  All work programmes within Pentana MK are examined and signed off during the audit review by the relevant Audit Manager.  Review points are also raised in MK for Auditors to action and review points on draft reports retained	2
2	2340 Conclusion	44			
2	2400 Communicating Results				
2	2410 Criteria for Communicating				
256 f	Do the communications of engagement results include the following:  a) The engagement's objectives?  b) The scope of the engagement?	44 44		RIAS Manual and Appendix J – Managing Audit Assignments & Appendix K – Audit Reporting  Report Template- Internal Audit reports include the scope & objectives, conclusions and recommendations of the audit.	2 20
	c) Applicable conclusions? d) Recommendations and action plans, if appropriate?	44 44		See example of a completed audit report	
257 [ f	Do internal auditors generally discuss the contents of the draft final reports with the appropriate levels of management to confirm factual accuracy, seek comments and confirm the agreed management actions?	44		RIAS Manual and Appendix J – Managing Audit Assignments – Communicating Results page 9  See evidence of discussion with management	2
258 I	f recommendations and an action plan have been included,	<b>*</b>		RIAS Manual and Appendix K – Audit Reporting	2

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
					Individual recommendations within the audit report will be categorised using colour coding as:  • High Priority: Action that is considered imperative to ensure that the organisation is not exposed to high risks.  • Medium Priority: Action that is considered necessary to avoid exposure to significant risks.  • Low Priority: Action that is considered desirable and should result in enhanced control.	20
259	If recommendations and an action plan have been included, does the communication also state agreements already reached with management, together with appropriate timescales?	<b>4</b> 4			As above.  All audit reports include an action plan, which includes a column "Management Comments" and the "date to be implemented".	20
260	If there are any areas of disagreement between the internal auditor and management, which cannot be resolved by discussion, are these recorded in the action plan and the residual risk highlighted?	<b>√</b> √			As above.  There is a column on the action plan "agreed Y/N". If the Manager selects no the Auditor or Audit Manager will ensure that the risk is highlighted to ensure that the Manager is willing to accept this risk. This does not happen very often.  Governance and Audit Committee receive a quarterly Recommendation Monitoring report	
					and any recommendations not agreed will be highlighted in that report  This information is also included in the performance data in the Annual Reports Section 8	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
261	Subject to confidentiality requirements and other limitations on reporting, do communications disclose all material facts known to them in their audit reports which, if not disclosed, could distort their reports or conceal unlawful practice?	44			Internal Audit Charter – Code of Ethics – Annex 2  Vale of Glamorgan Code of Conduct & Register of Interests  Annual declarations	1 7 6.1
262	When an opinion or conclusion is issued, are the expectations of senior management, the board and other stakeholders taken into account?	<b>*</b> *			Opinions are taken into account where relevant.	
263	Opinions should be supported by sufficient, reliable, relevant and useful information (in line with responses to questions for PSIAS 2300).	44			RIAS Manual and Appendix J – Managing Audit Assignments  RIAS Manual and Appendix K – Audit Reporting  Audit Managers check that all conclusions are appropriately supported with evidence.	2 2 14
264	Where appropriate, do engagement communications acknowledge satisfactory performance of the activity in question?	44			Report Template – strengths are reported as well as areas for improvement	20
265	When engagement results have been released to parties outside of the organisation, does the communication include limitations on the distribution and use of the results?	<b>4</b> 4			Report Template – standard text states "any enquires regarding the disclosure or re-issue of this document to third parties should be sent to the Head of the Regional Internal Audit Service via cmthomas@valeofglamorgan.gov.uk	20
266	Where the CAE has been required to provide assurance to other partnership organisations, or arm's length bodies such as trading companies, have the risks of doing so been managed effectively, having regard to the CAE's primary responsibility to the management of the organisation for which they are engaged to provide internal audit services?	<b>*</b>			Yes – SLA in place for CJC.  Other examples are bodies hosted by the LA eg) Amgen and Central South Consortium as they are hosted by RCT, small body returns for Llwydcoed Crematorium, Coychurch Crematorium, Regional Adoption Service and Porthcawl Harbour	
	2410 Conclusion	<b>4</b> 4				
	2420 Quality of Communications					
267	Are internal audit communications generally accurate, objective, clear, concise, constructive, complete and timely?	44			RIAS Manual 5.6 & Appendix K – Audit Reporting	2

Ref	Conformance with the Standard	Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
	2420 Conclusion	<b>√</b> √				
	2421 Errors and Omissions					
268	If a final communication has contained a significant error or omission, did the CAE communicate the corrected information to all parties who received the original communication?	<b>4</b> 4			N/A but yes that would be the case	
	2421 Conclusion	44				
	2430 Use of 'Conducted in Conformance with the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing'					
269	Do internal auditors report that engagements are 'conducted in conformance with the PSIAS' only if the results of the QAIP support such a statement?	**			Report template states this and assurance is gained that the report is reviewed prior to issue to ensure there is compliance.	20
	2430 Conclusion	44				
	2431 Engagement Disclosure of Non conformance					
270- 272	Where any non-conformance with the PSIAS has impacted on a specific engagement, do the communication of the results disclose the following:				<b>Charter – 4.4</b> – reported to the relevant Governance & Audit Committee and the Regional Board with any significant deviations being detailed within the relevant Annual Governance Statement	1
	a) The principle or rule of conduct of the Code of Ethics or Standard(s) with which full conformance was not achieved?	<b>4</b> 4				
	<ul><li>b) The reason(s) for non-conformance?</li><li>c) The impact of non-conformance on the engagement and the engagement results?</li></ul>	<b>**</b>				
	2431 Conclusion	44				
	2440 Disseminating Results					
273	Has the CAE determined the circulation of audit reports within the organisation, bearing in mind confidentiality and legislative requirements?	**			Praft internal audit reports are issued to the relevant Group Manager / Operational Manager and the service manager.  Final Reports may also be issued to Heads of Service / Director depending on the content and audit opinion. In 2 Councils they are also routinely sent to the Chief Executive and S151 Officer. In 1 Council they are also routinely sent to the relevant Cabinet Member.	2
274	Has the CAE communicated engagement results to all appropriate parties?	44			RIAS Manual and Appendix K – Audit Reporting  Audit reports are issued to all appropriate parties.	
275- 277	Before releasing engagement results to parties outside the organisation, did the CAE:  a) Assess the potential risk to the organisation?  b) Consult with senior management and/or legal counsel as appropriate?  c) Control dissemination by restricting the use of the results?	44 44 44			Audit reports are not released to parties outside the organisation without the knowledge of the Head of Audit and further advice is sought if necessary, prior to the release. All audit reports state the following:  "Any enquires regarding the disclosure or re-issue of this document to third parties should be sent to the Head of the Regional Internal Audit Service via cmthomas@valeofglamorgan.gov.uk"	20
						2410000

		Generally Conforms	Partially Conforms	Does Not Conform	Evidence	Evidence Ref
278	Where any significant governance, risk management and control issues were identified during consulting engagements, were these communicated to senior management and the board?	44			RIAS Manual and Appendix J – Managing Audit Assignments – Communicating Results (page 8) – consulting engagements dealt with in the same way as audit assignments	20
	2440 Conclusion	44				
	2450 Overall Opinion					
279	Has the CAE delivered an annual internal audit opinion?	<b>1</b> 1			Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4 – Section 11	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
280	Does the annual internal audit opinion conclude on the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the organisation's framework of governance, risk management and control?	<b>4</b> 4			Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4 – Section 11	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
281	Does the annual internal audit opinion take into account the expectations of senior management, the board and other stakeholders?	44			Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4 – Section 11.  There has been one example where the Council Leadership disagreed with the unsatisfactory annual opinion of the Head of RIAS and this was discussed at the highest level within the organisation on a number of occasions and at the Governance & Audit Committee. The Head of IA took into consideration the various comments and amended some of the wording but stood by the original opinion given.	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
282	Is the annual internal audit opinion supported by sufficient, reliable, relevant and useful information (having regard to the answers to questions on PSIAS 2300)?	44			Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4 – Section 11	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
283- 286	Does the communication identify the following:  a) The scope of the opinion, including the time period to which the opinion relates?  b) Any scope limitations?  c) The consideration of all related projects including the reliance on other assurance providers?  d) The risk or control framework or other criteria used as a basis for the overall opinion?	44 44 44			Annual Reports 2021-22 * 4 - Section 11	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4
287	Where a qualified or unfavourable annual internal audit opinion is given, are the reasons for that opinion stated?	11			Yes.  There has been one example for 2019/20 where the Council Leadership disagreed with the unsatisfactory annual opinion of the Head of RIAS and this was discussed at the highest level within the organisation on a number of occasions and at the Governance & Audit Committee. The Head of IA took into consideration the various comments and amended some of the wording but stood by the original opinion given.	
288	Has the CAE delivered an annual report that can be used by the organisation to inform its governance statement?	<b>*</b>			Yes	
289 - 299	Does the annual report incorporate the following:	<b></b>			As per annual report for 4 LA's.	
	<ul> <li>a) The annual internal audit opinion?</li> <li>b) A summary of the work that supports the opinion?</li> <li>c) A disclosure of any qualifications to the opinion?</li> <li>d) The reasons for any qualifications to the opinion?</li> <li>e) A disclosure of any impairments or restriction in scope?</li> </ul>	44 44 44				

f) A comparison or work actually carried out with the work planned?	√ √ √ √			
g) A statement on conformance with the PSIAS?	<b>4</b> 4			
h) The results of the QAIP?	<b>4</b> 4			
i) Progress against any improvement plans resulting from the QAIP?	<b>/</b> /			
j) A summary of the performance of the internal audit activity against its performance measures and targets?	<b>/</b> /			
Any other issues that the CAE judges is relevant to the preparation of the governance statement?				
-				

	2450 Conclusion	44			
	2500 Monitoring Progress				
300	Has the CAE established a process to monitor and follow up management actions to ensure that agreed actions have been effectively implemented or that senior management have accepted the risk of not taking action?	**		RIAS Manual – 5.8 - Recommendations and intended management actions are recorded with Pentana MK with the agreed timescales for implementation. These are monitored to ensure successful completion. Detailed process is included in Appendix K.  Process Limited / No Assurance Opinion  • Subject to a follow up to reperform testing  All remaining audit assignments which have recommendations shall be  • followed up via email ideally within six months of the audit review, but also dependent on the agreed implementation date supplied by senior management  Quarterly report on Recommendation Monitoring is taken to the relevant Governance and Audit Committee. This will highlight those overdue and those not accepted by management	30.1, 30.2, 30.3
301	Where issues have arisen during the follow-up process (for example, where agreed actions have not been implemented), has the CAE considered revising the internal audit opinion?	<b>*</b> *		If a previous limited assurance audit is followed up a new audit report will be issued with an appropriate audit opinion based on the recent testing.	
302	Do the results of monitoring management actions inform the risk- based planning of future audit work?	<b>√</b> √		All recommendations are followed up by the relevant auditor to ensure implementation and if recommendations are not implemented the matter will be escalated and reported to Governance and Audit Committee as well as being considered for another audit.	
303	Does the internal audit activity monitor the results of consulting engagements as agreed with the client?	44		Reports issued as a result of consulting engagements i.e. additional unplanned work, are reported to Governance & Audit Committee and will be followed up in the same manner if any recommendations are made.	
	2500 Conclusion	44			
	2600 Communicating the Acceptance of Risks				
304	If the CAE has concluded that management has accepted a level of risk that may be unacceptable to the organisation, has he or she discussed the matter with senior management?	<b>√</b> √		If the Manager does not accept a recommendation the Auditor or Audit Manager will ensure that the risk is highlighted to ensure that the Manager is willing to accept this risk. This does not happen very often.  This is recorded onto Pentana MK and included in the quarterly Recommendation Monitoring report to Governance and Audit Committee.  The Percentage of recommendations accepted versus made are reports in the relevant annual report – Section 8	

305	If, after discussion with senior management, the CAE continues to conclude that the level of risk may be unacceptable to the organisation, has he or she communicated the situation to the board?	**	If the Head of Audit concludes that management has accepted a level of risk that may be unacceptable to the Authority, the issue will be brought to the attention of the Seni Leadership Team. If the matter remains unresolved this will be communicated to the relevan Governance & Audit Committee.	r
	2600 Conclusion	44		