

Meeting of:	Standards Committee
Date of Meeting:	Thursday, 28 September 2023
Relevant Scrutiny Committee:	No Relevant Scrutiny Committee
Report Title:	Standards Committee meeting with Group Leaders in compliance with the Statutory and Non -Statutory Guidance for Principal Councils in Wales – supporting provisions within the Local Government Act 2000, the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 and the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 issued June 2023
Purpose of Report:	To provide the Committee with an update following the publication of Welsh Government Statutory and Non–Statutory Guidance.
Report Owner:	Debbie Marles, Monitoring Officer/Head of Legal and Democratic Services
Responsible Officer:	Karen Bowen, Principal Democratic and Scrutiny Services Officer
Elected Member and Officer Consultation:	This report does not require consultation to be undertaken
Policy Framework:	This is a matter for the Standards Committee
<p>Executive Summary:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Having regard to the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 Welsh Government provided Interim Guidance on the provisions and duties of the aspects relating to the Standards Committee in May 2022. • In June 2023 Welsh Government published updated Statutory and Non-Statutory Guidance for Principal Councils in Wales – supporting provisions within the Local Government Act 2000, the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 and the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 which can be found at https://www.gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2023-07/statutory-and-non-statutory-guidance-for-principal-councils-in-wales.pdf. • The above Guidance covers a number of aspects however the matters specific to the remit of the Standards Committee can be found at sections 4.0, 5.0, 6.0 and 7.0 of Part 2 of the Guidance and have been reproduced at Appendix A to this report. 	

Recommendations

1. That the proposals set out in paragraphs 2.6 to 2.10 of this report be considered.
2. That the Group Leader amended proforma attached at Appendix B to this report be noted.

Reasons for Recommendations

1. For Committee's consideration.
2. Having regard to the amendments reflected in the Guidance published in June 2023.

1. Background

- 1.1 Having regard to the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 Welsh Government provided Interim Guidance on the provisions and duties of the Act in May 2021.
- 1.2 In June 2023 the Authority received the published Welsh Government Statutory and Non-Statutory Guidance for Principal Councils in Wales – supporting provisions within the Local Government Act 2000, the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011 and the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 which can be found at <https://www.gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2023-07/statutory-and-non-statutory-guidance-for-principal-councils-in-wales.pdf>.
- 1.3 This Guidance covers a number of aspects including the guidance for Standards Committees.
- 1.4 The Welsh Government Guidance covers a number of aspects. The Guidance consists of four parts – Part 1 – About this Guidance, Part 2 – Guidance for elected members' support, training and development, Part 3 – Guidance on public participation strategies and petition schemes and Part 4 – Guidance on constitutions and conducting meetings.
- 1.5 Officers have prepared an action plan to address the various aspects of the Guidance for the Council as a whole it being recognised that much of the Guidance remains the same as the interim guidance received in 2022 for the various parts of the Guidance and which have been acted on as appropriate.

2. Key Issues for Consideration

- 2.1 The aspects in the Guidance that fall within the remit of the Standards Committees terms of reference were reported to the last meeting of this Committee on 13th July 2023 and can be found at sections 4.0, 5.0, 6.0 and 7.0 of Part 2 of the document which can be found at Appendix A to this report.
- 2.2 Where changes had been made in the revised Guidance to the interim guidance these have been highlighted in Appendix A for the Committee's consideration, the report headings being as follows:

4.0 – Statutory Guidance on duties of leaders of political groups in relation to standards of conduct,

5.0 – Statutory guidance on the functions

6.0 – Duty of a Standards Committee to monitor Group Leaders’ compliance with the duties, and provision of advice and training

7.0 – Duty of Standards Committee to make an annual report.

2.3 Some of the highlighted aspects show amendments where no material changes have been made from the interim guidance and / or have been amended to provide further clarification.

2.4 At the last meeting of the Committee it was agreed that delegated authority be granted to the Monitoring Officer in conjunction with the Chair to amend the proforma, that was agreed previously by the Standards Committee to be completed by Group Leaders in complying with their duty under the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021, to reflect the amendments in section 4.24, 4.29 and 4.36 of the Statutory and Non-Statutory Guidance. A copy of the amended Group Leader proforma is attached as an appendix to this report.

Meetings with Political Group Leaders

2.5 At the last meeting of the Standards Committee the Committee was also informed of an anomaly with regard to who should meet with Group Leaders. Paragraph 4.36 referred to the Standards Committee itself meeting with Political Group Leaders whereas paragraph 6.4 referred to the Chair of the Standards Committee meeting with Political Group Leaders.

2.6 The Monitoring Officer has been informed by Welsh Government that the guidance should read that “at the beginning of each council year Political leaders should meet with the standards committee to agree the following:

- How group leaders and the Standards Committee will work together to ensure appropriate standards of behaviour
- Frequency of meetings between Group Leaders and the Standards Committee throughout the year
- The threshold which the Standards Committee will use to establish whether it is content that Political Group Leaders have complied with the duties of the 2021 Act
- The mechanism for Political Group Leaders to provide reports to the Standards Committee about the actions they have taken to comply with the duties within the 2021 Act.

2.7 The guidance further advises that it is essential that Leaders of a political group co-operate and ensure that Members within their group co-operate with the Monitoring Officer and Standards Committee when an issue is referred to the Standards Committee.

- 2.8** Leaders of a political group should build good relations and work constructively with the Monitoring Officer seeking advice from them and the Standards Committee on matters of behaviour and conduct when required promoting positive behaviours and addressing inappropriate ones. Group Leaders should also report compliance with their duty to the Standards Committee. Group Leaders should also report any serious concerns about Members' behaviour which have not been remedied by informal actions in line with the requirement in the Code of Conduct to report such breaches.
- 2.9** If a Member is found by the Standards Committee to be in breach of the Code of Conduct and is disciplined by the Committee, the Leader of the political group must support the action in order to maintain the high standards of conduct expected in public life and the Code. Group Leaders should also observe the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales' guidance and the Sanctions Guidance issued by the President of the Adjudication Panel for Wales.
- 2.10** In compliance with the duty to meet with the Standards Committee the Chair requested that the Group Leaders for the Vale of Glamorgan Council i.e. Labour, Conservative, Plaid Cymru and Llantwit First Independents be invited to this meeting of the Standards Committee.

3. How do proposals evidence the Five Ways of Working and contribute to our Well-being Objectives?

- 3.1** The role of the Standards Committee is to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by Councillors, Co-opted Members and Church and Parent Governor Representatives. It is intended that the process adopted within this report will aim to promote that role with the sharing of good practice.

4. Climate Change and Nature Implications

- 4.1** None as a direct result of this report.

5. Resources and Legal Considerations

Financial

- 5.1** Members are able to be remunerated for attendance under the allowance scheme agreed by the Independent Remuneration Panel and the Vale of Glamorgan Council's Constitution. Independent Members are able to claim for a maximum of 10 days per annum as detailed within the Council's Constitution.

Employment

- 5.2** Members will be remunerated for attendance under the allowance scheme agreed by the Independent Remuneration Panel and the Vale of Glamorgan Council's Constitution. Independent Members are able to claim for a maximum of 10 days per annum as detailed within the Council's Constitution.

Legal (Including Equalities)

- 5.3** The role of the Standards Committee is to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by Councillors, Co-opted Members and Church and Parent Governor Representatives.

6. Background Papers

**Statutory and Non Statutory Guidance for Principal Councils in Wales –
supporting provisions within the Local Government Act 2000, the Local
Government (Wales) Measure 2011 and the Local Government and Elections
(Wales) Act 2021**

Date: June 2023

Part 2

Sections, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0 and 7.0 ONLY

Part 2 – Guidance for elected members’ support, training and development

4.0 Statutory Guidance on duties of leaders of political groups in relation to standards of conduct

Status of this Guidance

4.1 This is statutory guidance issued under section 52A of Local Government Act 2000 (the 2000 Act) inserted by section 62 of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 (the 2021 Act).

Purpose of this Guidance

4.2 This guidance sets out how leaders of political groups in principal councils should meet their duties contained in section 52A of the Local Government Act 2000 (“the 2000 Act”), inserted by section 62, of the 2021 Act, which relates to the promotion and maintenance of high standards of conduct by the members of the group.

4.3 This guidance is designed to support leaders of political groups understand and discharge their duties in relation to high standards of conduct, whilst recognising that they will wish to and should be encouraged to develop their own approach in line with their wider statutory obligations, local circumstances, and best practice. However, the basic principles set out in the guidance should apply to all.

4.4 This guidance specifically addresses the following duties:-

Duty to take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of the group

4.5 Section 52A(1)(a) of the 2000 Act requires that a leader of a political group consisting of members of a county council or county borough council in Wales, must take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of the group.

Duty to co-operate with the council’s standards committee (and any sub-committee) in the exercise of the standards committee’s functions

4.6 Section 52A(1)(b) of the 2000 Act requires that a leader of a political group consisting of members of a county council or county borough council in Wales, must co-operate with the council’s standards committee (and any sub-committee of the committee) in the exercise of the standards committee’s functions.

4.7 This guidance refers specifically to these duties on a leader of a political group, and sets out the expectations on how they will perform these duties. All of the duties apply from 5 May 2022.

4.8 There are other provisions within Part 3 of the 2000 Act relating to standards committees, inserted by sections 62 and 63 of the 2021 Act. These aspects of the 2021 Act are also described in this guidance.

4.9 This guidance is set out as follows:-

- Policy context within which the duties are set and the purpose of the duties;
- Duty to take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of the group;
- Duty to co-operate with the council's standards committee (and any sub-committee) in the exercise of the standards committee's functions.

The above is an introduction to the document which has been updated but no material changes.

Policy context and purpose of the duties set out in section 52A of the Local Government Act 2000

Policy context

4.10 Part 3 of the 2000 Act established a statutory framework to promote and maintain high standards of ethical conduct by members and employees of relevant authorities in Wales. A 'relevant authority' is a county or county borough council ("a principal council"), community council, fire and rescue authority, a national park authority and a Corporate Joint Committee.

4.11 The framework consists of the ten general principles of conduct for members (derived from Lord Nolan's 'Seven Principles of Public Life'), set out below:

- Selflessness;
- Honesty;
- Integrity and propriety;
- Duty to uphold the law;
- Stewardship;
- Objectivity in decision-making;
- Equality and respect;
- Openness;
- Accountability;
- Leadership.

- 4.12 These are included in the statutory Model Code of Conduct (“the Code”)(as required under section 50 of the 2000 Act), which lays down a set of enforceable minimum standards for the way in which members should conduct themselves, both in terms of their official capacity and (in some instances) in their personal capacity. It also guides members on the declaration and registration of interests. All elected members must familiarise themselves with and give a written undertaking to observe the Code before they can take up office. **As the Code may from time to time be updated members must familiarise themselves with any changes with which they are required to observe. New additional sentence added since the draft.**
- 4.13 Building on the existing arrangements, section 62 of the 2021 Act inserts a new section 52A into the 2000 Act which places a duty on leaders of political groups within a principal council to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members of their group. Group leaders are required to co-operate with the council’s standards committee in the exercise of its general and specific functions for promoting high standards (see below).
- 4.14 Subsection (3) amends section 54 of the 2000 Act to extend the specific functions of a standards committee to include monitoring compliance by leaders of political groups with the new duty imposed on them by the 2021 Act to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members of their group. A standards committee must also provide advice or provide or arrange training for group leaders on the new duty.

Purpose of the standards of conduct provisions

- 4.15 The ethical standards framework in Wales aims to promote the observance of consistent standards of conduct by local government members. High ethical standards underpin and maintain public confidence in democratic governance and the decision making process. For any organisation to be effective it must respect diversity in all its forms and treat everyone with the respect they would expect for themselves. Engendering a culture within a principal council which embraces high standards of conduct, requires both local leadership and all elected members to accept responsibility and accountability for their actions both individually and collectively.
- 4.16 The standards of conduct provisions in the 2021 Act complement the existing statutory ethical framework and support the Code of Conduct process. The provisions are designed to ensure leaders of political groups in principal councils, supported by standards committees, promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of their group.

The wider environment in which the standards of conduct duties operate

4.17 The standards of conduct provisions contained in the 2021 Act support the Welsh Government's wider commitment to equality and diversity in public life. Action has been taken through the Diversity in Democracy Programme to tackle the barriers which prevent individuals' active participation in local democracy. Within local government, and through the Welsh Local Government Association (WLGA), there has been a commitment to Diversity in Democracy, including councils signing Diverse Council declarations which seek, amongst other actions, to ensure councils 'demonstrate an open and welcoming culture to all'. Furthermore, the WLGA, working with the Local Government Association (LGA), Northern Ireland Local Government association (NILGA) and the Scottish body, COSLA, has been promoting the Civility in Public Life programme, which seeks to promote civil, constructive and respectful political discourse.

4.18 The Anti Racist Wales Action Plan sets out a series of goals and actions designed to improve the outcomes for black, Asian and minority ethnic people in Wales. It includes a number of goals and actions for local government relating to its leadership and representation role. **It recognises that a more diverse elected representation is good for decision making and likely to lead to decisions which better reflect society as a whole. This in turn contributes to greater public confidence.** **Change of wording and inclusion of new sentence**

Duty to take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of the group

Introduction

4.19 This is statutory guidance issued under section 52A of the Local Government Act 2000 (the 2000 Act) as amended by section 62 of the Local Government and Elections Act 2021 (the 2021 Act). This section of the guidance should be read by a leader of a political group in a principal council to support the discharge of their duties in section 52A of the 2000 Act, to take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of the group. The guidance here reflects the minimum requirements, recognising that leaders are best placed to build on this to develop the detail of their own approach, **and work together to share best practice across political groups and with standards committees.** **Additional sentence added**

Definition of political groups and group leaders

4.20 Section 52A(3) of the 2000 Act enables the Welsh Ministers to make provision in regulations about the circumstances in which (a) members of a county council or

county borough council in Wales are to be treated as constituting a political group; (b) a member of a political group is to be treated as a leader of the group.

4.21 The Local Government (Committees and Political Groups) Regulations 1990, made under the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, currently governs the position in this respect, until such time as regulations passed under 52A(3) of the 2000 Act are made.

4.22 Section 52A(1)(a) of the 2000 Act requires that a leader of a political group consisting of members of a county council or county borough council in Wales, must take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by the members of the group.

4.23 The duty does not make leaders of a political group accountable for the behaviour of their members as conduct must be a matter of individual responsibility **and accountability**. However, they do have a role in taking reasonable steps in maintaining high standards, setting an example, using their influence to support a positive culture, being proactive in promoting high standards of conduct in their group and addressing **issues of alleged non-compliance** as soon as they arise.
Additional wording added

4.24 Reasonable steps the group leader *may* undertake include:

- demonstrating personal commitment to and attending **and participating** in relevant development or training around equalities and standards, **including on the Code of Conduct**;
- **actively** encouraging group members to attend relevant development or training around equalities and standards **including in relation to the Code of Conduct**;
- ensuring nominees to a committee have received the recommended training **for participating** on that committee;
- promoting **modelling** civility and respect within group communications and meetings and in formal council meetings;
- **supporting** informal resolution procedures in the council, and working with the standards committee and monitoring officers to achieve local resolution;
- encouraging a culture within the group which supports high standards of conduct and integrity;
- attend a meeting of the council's standards committee if requested to participate in discussions on Code of Conduct issues;
- **drive forward** work to implement any recommendations from the standards committee about improving standards;
- work with the standards committee to proactively identify, consider and tackle patterns of inappropriate behaviour; **New bullet point**

- work together with other group leaders, within reason, to collectively support high standards of conduct within the council and where any issues identified involve more than one political group. **Additional wording added**

4.25 As set out above, the purpose of the new duties is to build on and support a culture which is proactive, acts on and does not tolerate inappropriate behaviour. The Guidance from the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales for members on the Code of Conduct provides advice on the Code and its requirements. It includes examples of cases considered by the Ombudsman and decisions reached by local standards committees and the Adjudication Panel for Wales which demonstrate behaviours which are unreasonable or inappropriate. Leaders of political groups and all members, including independent members, should have regard to the Ombudsman's Guidance, which can be accessed on the [Ombudsman's website](#).

4.26 The importance of attendance at training on the Code of Conduct has been highlighted by the Ombudsman and was raised under the independent review of the Ethical Standards Framework and Model Code of Conduct carried out by Richard Penn. Leaders of political groups should actively encourage all members in their group to read the Ombudsman's Guidance and any local guidance issued by the monitoring officer or standards committee and to take up any offer of training. They should also work constructively with standards committees and monitoring officers to identify the training requirements for themselves and for their group members.

4.27 It is essential that relationships with members are established which encourage them to raise issues with the group leader. The group leader has a significant role to play in creating a culture of trust and mutual respect in their group. Where issues arise, the importance of resolving low-level complaints at a local level has been raised by the Ombudsman and the independent Review of the Framework. Typically, these complaints are about alleged failures to show respect and consideration for others and the making of frivolous and low-level complaints. The group leader should be pivotal in preventing the escalation of these complaints to the stage where more formal interventions become necessary. Leaders of political groups should have informal discussions with members who may be showing early signs of inappropriate behaviour to 'nip this in the bud' before it becomes problematic or in danger of breaching the Code. This may include suggesting and requesting appropriate training or refresher training for the members concerned, asking for social media posts they have made to be removed, and requesting they apologise where appropriate.

- 4.28 A leader of a political group who fails to comply with the new duty in a meaningful way, may potentially be regarded as bringing their office into disrepute, and likely to be in breach of the Code (see the Ombudsman’s Guidance).
- 4.29 Political group leaders will want to ensure they are able to evidence the steps they have taken to help create an environment in which members demonstrate appropriate standards of behaviour, undertake appropriate training and address, with members, instances where standards of behaviour falls short of that expected. It is a matter for individual group leaders how they choose to evidence their compliance with this guidance, but it may include notes of meetings, copies of correspondence, audits of member training on issues such as equality and the Code of Conduct and action taken to address any gaps in that training. **Inclusion of new paragraph**
- 4.30 A political group’s internal disciplinary procedures remain a matter for that group or any associated political party’s own rules on discipline. However, it is expected that the group leader will take reasonable steps to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members within group communications and meetings as well as their ‘public’ conduct outside of the group setting.

Duty to co-operate with the council’s standards committee (and any sub-committee) in the exercise of the standards committee’s functions

Introduction

- 4.31 This section of guidance is issued under section 52A of the Local Government Act 2000 (the 2000 Act) as amended by section 62 of the Local Government and Elections Act 2021 (the 2021 Act). It is about the duty to co-operate with the council’s standards committee (and any sub-committee) in the exercise of the standards committee’s functions within section 52A of the 2000 Act.
- 4.32 The duties came into force on 5 May 2022.

Duty

- 4.33 Section 52A(1)(b) of the 2000 Act requires that a leader of a political group consisting of members of a county council or county borough council in Wales, must co-operate with the council’s standards committee (and any sub-committee of the committee) in the exercise of the standards committee’s functions.

Role of leader of political group

4.34 It is essential the leaders of a political group co-operate, and ensure the members within their group co-operate, with the monitoring officer and standards committee when an issue is referred to the standards committee.

4.35 Leaders of a political group should build good relations, and work constructively with the monitoring officer, seeking advice from them and the standards committee on matters of behaviour and conduct when required, both promoting positive behaviours and addressing inappropriate ones. Group leaders should also report compliance with their duty to the standards committee. This can take the form of a short letter or report at a frequency agreed by the political group leaders in the council and its standards committee. Group leaders should also report any serious concerns about members' behaviour which have not been remedied by informal actions, in line with the requirement in the Code of Conduct to report such breaches.

4.36 At the beginning of each council year Political group leaders should meet with the standards committee to agree the following:

- How group leaders and the standards committee will work together to ensure appropriate standards of behaviour;
- Frequency of meetings between group leaders and the standards committee throughout the year;
- The threshold which the standards committee will use to establish whether it is content that political group leaders have complied with the duties of the 2021 Act;
- The mechanism for political group leaders to provide reports to the standards committee about the actions they have taken to comply with the duties within the 2021 Act. **New section added**

4.37 If a member is found by the standards committee to be in breach of the Code of Conduct and is disciplined by the committee, the leader of the political group must support the action, in order to maintain the high standards of conduct expected in public life and the Code. Group leaders should observe the Ombudsman's Guidance and the Sanctions Guidance issued by the President of the Adjudication Panel for Wales, which can be accessed on the [Adjudication Panel's website](#).

5.0 Statutory Guidance on the Functions of Standards Committees

Status of this guidance

5.1 This guidance is issued under section 54(7) of the Local Government Act 2000 (the 2000 Act) inserted by section 63 of Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act (the 2021 Act).

5.2 The duties came into force on 5 May 2022.

Purpose of this guidance

5.3 Local standards committees play an important role in supporting members, individually and collectively, to develop and maintain a culture which embraces high standards of conduct.

5.4 A principal council is required by section 53 of the 2000 Act to establish a standards committee.

5.5 The general functions of a standards committee under section 54(1) of the 2000 Act are to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members and co-opted members of a “relevant authority” and to assist them to observe the members Code of Conduct.

5.6 In addition, a standards committee also has specific functions under section 54(2) of the 2000 Act, namely to:

- advise the authority on the adoption or revision of a Code of Conduct;
- monitor the operation of the Code of Conduct; and
- provide advice or provide or arrange training on the Code of Conduct for members of the authority.

5.7 Section 56(1) of the 2000 Act provides that a principal council’s standards committee (or a sub-committee established for the purpose) also exercises these functions in relation to members of community councils in its area. **Principal council standards committees should play a proactive role in promoting and supporting high standards of conduct in the town and community councils in their area, for example, by visiting them, working together to share good practice and identifying training opportunities. Additional sentence added**

5.8 Monitoring officers work closely with standards committees and support them in providing day-to-day advice to members on conduct matters.

5.9 A principal council may arrange for its standards committee to exercise such other functions as it considers appropriate, for example, monitoring the operation of corporate maladministration complaint procedures.

5.10 An important aspect of governance arrangements is the approach taken to gifts and hospitality. While there has been some support for a Wales wide approach we consider this is a matter to be dealt with by individual councils. We would expect standards committees to regularly review the approach taken in respect of gifts and hospitality and the use of thresholds. We would recommend this to be a matter included in standards committees annual reports. In addition it is considered this is a matter which would be routinely discussed at regular meetings of Monitoring Officers across Wales. **New section added**

6.0 Duty of a standards committee to monitor group leaders' compliance with the duties, and provision of advice and training

Status of this guidance

6.1. This guidance is issued under section 54 of the Local Government Act 2000 (the 2000 Act) as amended by 62(3) of the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021 (the 2021 Act).

Purpose

6.2. Section 62(3) of the 2021 Act amends section 54 of the 2000 Act to extend the specific functions of a standards committee to include monitoring compliance by leaders of political groups with the duty imposed on them by the 2021 Act to promote and maintain high standards of conduct by members of their group. As noted above, a council's political group leaders and its standards committee should agree on the form and frequency of a report from each group leader to the standards committee. The standards committee should then consider each report and provide feedback to the group leaders.

6.3. A standards committee must also provide advice and training or arrange to train group leaders on the new duty. At the start of each administration this should take place within six months of the election and be reviewed at least annually.

6.4. As set out earlier in this guidance the standards committee chair should meet with group leaders at the beginning of each council year to agree a number of issues, including the frequency of meetings between political group leaders and the standards committee through the year to discuss compliance with the duties covered by this guidance, annual reporting processes and issues arising from the analysis of complaints in respect of standards of behaviour. **New section added**

7.0 Duty of standards committee to make annual report

Status of this guidance

7.1. This guidance is issued under section 54(7) of the Local Government Act 2000 (“the 2000 Act”).

Purpose

7.2. Section 63 of the 2021 Act inserts section 56B into the 2000 Act which places a requirement on standards committees in each “relevant authority” to make an annual report to the authority concerned. In the case of a principal council, the requirement to report to “the authority” in this context includes any community councils in its area.

7.3. As a minimum, the report must:

- describe how the committee has discharged its functions during the preceding financial year;
- confirm the operation of a local protocol for the resolution of complaints and provide an assessment of its impact. Where no local protocol has been adopted, the standards committees must consider whether the adoption of such a protocol would support its functions in relation to promoting high standards of ethical conduct;
- include an analysis of complaints. This analysis must include information about the number of councillors who have been the subject of a complaint which has been upheld, and whether they have or have not attended a training session on the Code of Conduct prior to or after the complaint was received;

Added sections

- include a summary of reports and recommendations made or referred to the committee by the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales relating to the investigation of alleged breaches of the member Code of Conduct, and any subsequent action taken by the committee;
- include a summary of notices given to the committee by the Adjudication Panel for Wales, relating to the Panel’s decisions on possible breaches of the member Code of Conduct;
- describe the advice it has provided on training for all members and how that has been implemented; in the case of a principal council set out how it has worked with the town and community councils in its area to promote and maintain high standards of conduct amongst town and community councillors **Added new sentence**; and

- in the case of a principal council, include the committee’s assessment of how political group leaders have complied with the new duty under section 52A(1) of the 2000 Act (inserted by section 62 of the 2021 Act) to promote high standards of conduct, including the advice the standards committee has provided and the training it has suggested.

7.4. The committee may also wish to report on the number of cases considered under local resolution processes. This would help to capture data on an “all Wales” basis, on matters which do not reach the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales.

7.5. Approaches to the management and monitoring of gifts and hospitality are often sensitive matters. It is recommended the approach to this is reviewed and agreed within individual principal councils and that the regular review of thresholds for declaration of gifts, hospitality, material benefit or advantage, are included in standards committee’s annual report. This will assist in terms of transparency of the arrangements. **New section added**

7.6. The requirement to make an annual report is intended to ensure there is a regular and consistent approach to the reporting and consideration of standards of conduct by members of relevant authorities in Wales. This is intended to promote local ownership and collective responsibility by members for ensuring high standards of conduct within their authority. To this end, section 56B places an obligation on a relevant authority to consider the report and any recommendations made by its standards committee within three months of its receipt. The authority’s consideration of a report will be a matter of public record through the published minutes of the meeting.

7.7. The standards committee should consider whether there are improvements that can be made to strengthen the standards of behaviour of members. This may include recommendations to the full council and town and community councils in its area about matters such as mandating training in equalities and the model code of conduct. **New section added**

7.8. It would be good practice for standards committees to share their Annual Reports with the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales and town and community councils. **Additional wording added**

<u>Promoting Compliance With the Code of Conduct</u>					
Report by:					
Political Group:					
No. of members:		No. trained on Code:	(Y%) 100%		
For the period:					
<u>Number, Source and Level of Complaint(s) / Concern(s)</u>					
	Informal	Local Resolution (Stage)			PSOW
		1	2	3	
Public					
Officers					
Councillors					
<u>Steps taken to Promote Compliance (To Be Completed by Group Leader)</u>					
Include matters such as:					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Using influence to support a positive culture, being proactive in promoting high standards of conduct in the group and addressing issues of alleged non – compliance as soon as they arise - demonstrating personal commitment to and attending and participating in relevant development or training around equalities and standards including on the Code of Conduct; - actively encouraging group members to attend relevant development or training around equalities and standards including in relation to the Code of Conduct; - ensuring nominees to a Committee have received the recommended training for participating on that Committee; 					

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - promoting civility and respect within group communications and meetings and in formal Council meetings; - supporting informal resolution procedures in the Council, and working with the Standards Committee and Monitoring Officer to achieve local resolution; - encouraging a culture within the group which supports high standards of conduct and integrity; - attend a meeting of the Council's Standards Committee if requested to discuss Code of Conduct issues;
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - drive forward work to implement any recommendations from the Standards Committee about improving standards; - work with the Standards Committee to proactively identify, consider and tackle patterns of inappropriate behaviour; - work together with other group leaders, within reason, to collectively support high standards of conduct within the Council and when any issues identified involve more than one political group..

NB Part 2 section 4.29 of the Welsh Government Statutory and Non-Statutory Guidance states - Political group leaders will want to ensure they are able to evidence the steps they have taken to help create an environment in which members demonstrate appropriate standards of behaviour, undertake appropriate training and address, with members, instances where standards of behaviour falls short of that expected. It is a matter for individual group leaders how they choose to evidence their compliance with this guidance, but it may include notes of meetings, copies of correspondence, audits of member training on issues such as equality and the Code of Conduct and action taken to address any gaps in that training.

Dated: